



Taking GG from good to great Capturing true baseline and discharge status

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Agenda



- The Full Impact of GG Self Care and Mobility Scores in Today's World
 - PDPM Reimbursement PT/OT and Nursing
 - QRPs Telling our Outcome Story to CMS
 - Setting the stage for our future in a Post Acute Uniform Payment Model world...
- What is our Industry Reporting to CMS
- Gathering True Baseline / DC GG levels...who, what, where, how?
- Strategies to Gain Accuracy in Coding / Scoring
- Monitoring for Optimal Success Clinically and Financially
 - Casper
 - SimpleLTC
 - PDPM baseline



GG Impact

The IMPACT Act of 2014

- Mandated a massive movement towards uniform gathering of data across all post acute providers thus the birth of Section GG in 2016 in SNFs
- Expectation of CMS is that by 2024, we will be functioning under a "Unified Post Acute Payment Model"

GG Prior Level and Baseline Guides

- Patient Specific Goals
- Care Planning and Delivery of Care
- Transition Readiness

QRPs

- 2% of Annual Payment Updates (\$) every Oct at risk for Incomplete Assessments in GG ('no dashes' in baseline and DC "Performance" on MDS)
- Capturing of Functional Improvement (baseline vs DC self care and mobility scores)

PDPM

• PT/OT and Nursing Reimbursement Drivers as of Oct 2019

Future of SNFs Payment Models in the Post Acute Arena

• CMS is currently assessing functional outcome differences as taken from uniform GG data - comparing LTACHs, IRFs, SNFs, and Home Health to model the future payment model



Minimum Data Set (MDS) Color-Coded



Resident	Identifier	_ Date
QM =	MINIMUM DATA SET (MDS) - Version 3.0	
CAA = PDPM = 5	RESIDENT ASSESSMENT AND CARE SCREENING	
SNF Quality Reporting Program Measure =	Nursing Home Comprehensive (NC) Item Set	

GG: Pages 17-23

CAA = PDPM = RESID	IMUM DATA SET (MDS) - Versio ENT ASSESSMENT AND CARE SCRE sing Home Comprehensive (NC) Item	ENING
Section A Identific	cation Information	
A0050. Type of Record		
2. Modify existing reco	ontinue to A0100, Facility Provider Numbers ord → Continue to A0100, Facility Provider Numbers ecord → Skip to X0150, Type of Provider	
A0100. Facility Provider Numbers		
A. National Provider Identif	ier (NPI):	
B. CMS Certification Number	er (CCN):	
C. State Provider Number:		
A0200. Type of Provider Enter Code Type of provider		
1. Nursing home (SNF/ 2. Swing Bed	NF)	
A0300. Optional State Assessment	1 1/1 C.O.	
Complete only if A0200 = 1	1/2Cre 2	
Enter Code A. Is this assessment for sta	te payment purposes only?	
1. Yes	1511	Λ)
A0310. Type of Assessment		
03. Annual assessment 04. Significant change in 05. Significant correction 06. Significant correction 99. None of the above		43
O1. 5-day scheduled asse PPS Unscheduled Assess O8. IPA Interim Payment Not PPS Assessment 99. None of the above	int for a Medicare Part A Stay assingent (initial Medicare Assessment) for a Medicare Part A Stay Assessment	
A0310 continued on next page	10	
	QUALITY MEASURES (QM)	
CMS ID SHORT STAY QUALITY MEASURES: (III) Residents who self-report moderate to severe pain	CMS ID LONG STAY QUALITY MEASURES: (III) Residents experiencing one or more falls with major injury	CMS ID LONG STAY QUALITY MEASURES: (SSD) Low risk residents who lose control of their bowel
Residents with pressure ulcers that are new or worsene	d Residents who self-report moderate to severe pain	bladder 25.00 Residents who have/had a catheter inserted and
	Residents assessed and appropriately given the seasonal influence vaccine	in their bladder The Residents who were physically restrained
seasonal influenza vaccine GEO Residents who received the seasonal influenza vaccine		Residents whose need for help with Activities of E
Residents who received the seasonal influenza vaccine	Residents who received the seasonal influenza vaccine	Living has increased
Residents who received the seasonal influenza vaccine Residents who were offered and declined the seasonal influenza vaccine Residents who did not receive, due to medical containdication, the seasonal influenza vaccine	Residents who were offered and declined the seasonal influenza vaccine	Living has increased Residents who lose too much weight
Residents who received the seasonal influenza vaccine Residents who were offered and declined the seasonal influence vaccine Residents who did not receive, due to medical contraindication, the seasonal influenza vaccine Residents assessed and appropriately given the pneumonoccul vaccine	Residents who were offered and declined the seasonal influenza vaccine Residents who did not receive, due to medical containdication, the seasonal influenza vaccine	Living has increased (201) Residents who lose too much weight (301) Residents who have depressive symptoms (310) Residents who received an antipsychotic medicat
Heidents who received the seasonal influence vaccine Beidents who were offered and declined the seasonal influence vaccine Beidents worker Beidents worker Beidents worker Beidents worker Beidents worker Beidents worker Beidents asserted and appropriately given the pneumococal vaccine Beidents who moreived the pneumococal vaccine	Residents who were offered and declined the seasonal influenza vaccine. Residents who did not receive, due to medical containfaction, the seasonal influenza vaccine Residents assessed and appropriately given the presumcoscal vaccine.	Living has increased (3) Residents who lose too much weight (3) Residents who have depressive symptoms (4) Residents who neceived an antipsychotic medicat (3) Prevalence of falls (3) Prevalence of artismiety/hypnotic use
Residents who received the seasonal influenza vaccine Residents who were offered and declined the seasonal influence vaccine Residents who did not receive, due to medical contraindication, the seasonal influenza vaccine Residents assessed and appropriately given the pneumonoccul vaccine	Residents who were offered and declined the seasonal influences section Bridents who did not receive, due to medical Residents who did not receive, due to medical residents who did not receive due to medical Residents assessed and appropriately given the previous coccal vaccion Bridents who received the prorumonoccal vaccion Residents who received the prorumonoccal vaccion of the received the receive	Living has increased 21 Residents who see too much weight 211 Residents who have depressive symptoms 1110 Residents who have depressive symptoms 1111 Residents who received an antipsychotic medical 2111 Prevalence of affait antiety/hyponotic use 1111 Prevalence of behavior symptoms affecting other 4111 Prevalence whose ability to more independently
(1) Residents who received the exascent influence socioli- dis Residents who were direct and decired the associal influences socioli- displaced to the social influences who are social influences who did not receive, due to medical influences who did not receive, due to medical influences who are social influences and influences and influences influences and influences and influences influences and influences influ	Pleidents who were offered and declined the easonal influence vaccine in the contract vaccine	Living has increased The identity who lase too much weight The identity who lase too much weight The relidents who have depressive symptoms The relidents who have depressive symptoms The relident who received an antipsychotic medicat Prevalence of falls The prevalence of the fall of the religion of the company of the religion
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GG Scoring Worksheet Sample



GG Calculator

Section GG Item	Section GG Response/Code	PT/OT	Nursing
Self-care: Eating	04 Supervision or touching assistance	3	3
Self-care: Toileting Hygiene	03 Partial / moderate assistance	2	2
Self Care: Oral Hygiene	03 Partial / moderate assistance	2	0
	Total Self-care	7	5
Mobility: Sit to lying	03 Partial / moderate assistance	2	2
Mobility: Lying to sitting on side of bed	03 Partial / moderate assistance	2	2
	Mobility: Lying Avg	2.00	2.00
Mobility: Sit to stand	02 Substantial / maximal assistance	1	1
Mobility: Chair / bed-to-chair transfer	02 Substantial / maximal assistance	1	1
Mobility: Toilet transfer	02 Substantial / maximal assistance	1	1
	Mobility: Standing Avg	1.00	1.00
Mobility: Walk 50 ft 2 turns	88 Not attempted d/t saftely concerns	0	0
Mobility: Walk 150 ft	88 Not attempted d/t saftely concerns	0	0
	Mobility: Walk Avg	0.00	0.00
	Total Score	10	8

Download tool



PDPM Functional Scoring



PT / OT Fu	PT / OT Function – MDS "Code" to PDPM "Score" Crosswalk								
	Response	Score							
05, 06	05, 06 Set-up assistance, Independent								
4	3								
3	Partial / moderate assistance	2							
2	Substantial / maximal assistance	1							
01, 07, 09, 10, Dependent, Refused, N/A, Not Attempted 0									
* Coded based on response to GG0170H1 (does the resident walk?)									



Using Section GG



	Section GG Items Included in PT, OT & Nursing Functiona	l Measure
	Section GG Item	Score
GG0130A1	Self-care: Eating	0 - 4
GG0130B1	Self-care: Oral Hygiene*	0 - 4
GG0130C1	Self-care: Toileting Hygiene	0 - 4
GG0170B1 GG0170C1	Mobility: Sit to lying Mobility: Lying to sitting on side of bed	0 - 4 (average of 2 items)
GG0170D1 GG0170E1 GG0170F1	Mobility: Sit to stand Mobility: Chair / bed -to-chair transfer Mobility: Toilet transfer	0 - 4 (average of 3 items)
GG0170J1 GG0170K1	Mobility: Walk 50 feet with 2 turns* Mobility: Walk 150 feet*	0 - 4 (average of 2 items)

^{*}Not included in Nursing Functional Score



GG Breakdown for PT / OT & Nursing

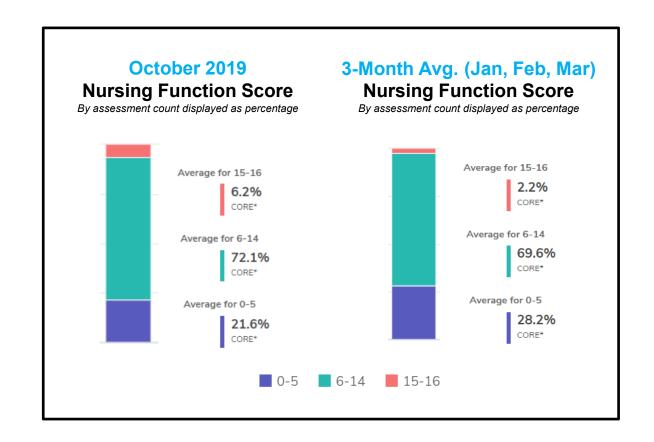


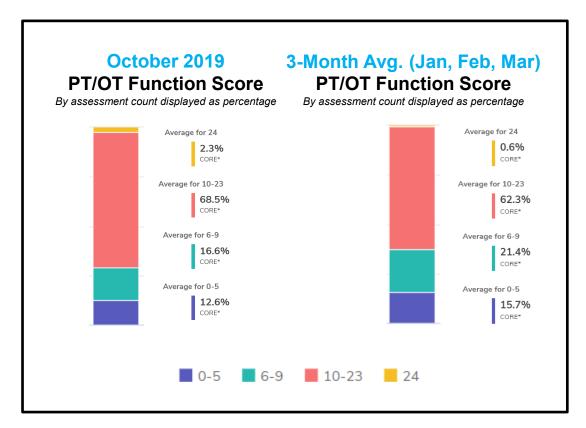
PDPM Breakdown by GG Score									
	PT / OT		<u>Nursing</u>						
More Dependent	0 - 5	More Dependent	0 - 5						
	6 - 9		6 - 14						
	10 - 23	Independent / Set Up	15- 16						
Independent	24								













GG Items Included in Functional Outcome Scoring - QRPs and *PDPM



GG Items A – P: Admission Performance - Performance Goal – Discharge Performance

- □ *Eating
 □ *Oral Hygiene
 □ *Toileting Hygiene
 □ Shower/ Bathe Self
 □ Upper Body Dressing
 □ Lower Body Dressing
 □ Putting on/Taking off Footwear
 □ Roll left and right
 □ *Sit to Lying
 □ *Lying to Sitting on Side of Bed
 □ *Sit to Stand
 □ *Chair to Bed to Chair Transfer
- □ *Toilet Transfer
- ☐ Car Transfer
- □ *Walk 10 Feet
- *Walk 50 Feet with 2 Turns
- *Walk 10 Feet Uneven Surfaces
- ☐ 1 Step (Curb)
- ☐ 4 Steps
- ☐ 12 Steps
- ☐ Picking up Object
- ☐ Type of Wheelchair or Scooter Used (Prior Level and Admission/DC)
- ☐ Wheel 100 Feet



Gathering True Baseline/ Goals/ DC "Usual"



Who, What, When, Where of GG Data Capture

- Who's Involved:
 - Resident, Nurses, CNAs, Therapy, Family, MDS, Admissions...
- What / When is to be Determined by the IDT:
 - Prior Level of Function prior to admission if possible
 - "Usual Performance" first 3 days of the Part A Stay (admission to 11:59 pm day 3)
 - Goals based on Prior Level, Current Level and Anticipated DC plans
 - "Usual Performance" Last day of stay and 2 days prior
- Where is this Captured:
 - Documentation of level of assistance on GG items must be present in the Medical Record
 - Functional levels fluctuate: Multiple entries should be noted and most logically won't match
 - time of day
 - level of assistance provided
 - fatigue
 - medication
 - Many trackers available (AANAC tool)
 - IDT note entry is best practice once IDT determines "Usual Performance" for Admit and DC



Gathering True Baseline/ Goals/ DC "Usual"



How to Capture Usual Performance

- Assessment of self-care and mobility performance based on:
 - Direct observation
 - Resident self-report (interview resident)
 - Report from qualified clinicians, care staff, or family documented in medical record (interview others)
- Usual performance Resident's functional status can be impacted by the environment or situations encountered at the facility. Observing the resident's interactions with others in different locations and circumstances is important for a comprehensive understanding of the resident's functional status. If the resident's functional status varies, record the resident's usual ability to perform each activity. Do not record the resident's best performance and do not record the resident's worst performance, but rather record the resident's usual performance.
 - Admission functional assessment, when possible, should be conducted prior to the resident benefiting from treatment interventions in order to reflect true admission baseline functional status.
 - Residents should be allowed to perform activities as independently as possible, as long as they are safe.
 - Activities may be completed with or without assistive devices. Use of AD to complete activity should not affect coding.
 - "Helper" is facility staff and facility-contracted staff.
 - "Helper" is NOT individuals outside of facility's management and administration (compensated or not) i.e. hospice staff, students, family?



GG Data Gathering for True Baseline and DC



GG Data Collection

bathe self, including washing, rinsing, the bed.

Section GG: Three-	Day Admission and Di	ischarge Performance Data-Collection Tool		. \.	Start of Medicare Stay (A2400B):																		
Davidana Nama		Medical Record Number:		AANAC		of Medic		-	Day 2		$\overline{}$	edicare S	tay):			Day 3 (of Medicare Stay):			Usual Performance		Discharg		
			1		AM	1	PM	M NOC		AM	PM		NO	:	AM		PM	N	OC	Sco		Goal	
		es at both the beginning and the end		Eating																			
		using the scoring system below. Write boxes (example below), and initial in		Oral hygiene																			
	r each day/time of d		8	Toilet hygiene																			
EXAMPLE		PM NOC	GG0130	Shower/bathe			_				=												
_				self																			
	01 JM 05	TD 03 KO	28	Upper body dressing	ш																		
			Self Care	Lower body	-		-							-									_
SCORING		or touching/steadying and/or con-	Š	dressing																			
Safety & quality of performance: tact guard assistance as resident completes activity. Assistance may			Putting on/ taking off	ш																			
because resident		be provided throughout the activity		footwear	ш																		
s unsafe or of poor quality, score or intermittently.			Roll left and																				
	occording to amount of assistance orovided. 10 Dependent: Helper does ALL resident completes activity. Helper		right		_	-	-	+	$\overline{}$	-		+	-	-	_	_	_		-		\rightarrow		
		tance: Helper sets up or cleans up;		Sit to lying									4										
		resident completes activity. Helper		Lying to sitting on side of bed																			
Or the assistance of 2 or more	assists only prior to or following the		Sit to stand																				
	activity.	0110	Chair/bed-to-									+											
helpers is require	pers is required for the resident complete the activity. 06 Independent: Resident complete the activity by him/herself with no arristance from a helper		GG0170	chair transfer																			
				Toilet transfer																			
02 Substantial/maximal assis- tance: Helper does MORE THAN		Mobility	Walk 10 ft.																				
HALF the effort.		07 Resident refused	ž	Walk 50 ft.																			
holds trunk or lim		09 Not applicable: Not attempted and the resident did not perform		with 2 turns	-	_	_	_	_	\vdash	-	_	+		_		_					-	
more than half th		this activity prior to the current		Walk 150 ft.									4										
	erate assistance:	illness, exacerbation, or injury.		Wheel 50 ft. with 2 turns																			
	S THAN HALF the	10 Not attempted due to environ-		Wheel 150 ft.																			
effort. Helper lifts ports trunk or lim		mental limitations (e.g., lack of		Wilcer ISO IE																			
less than half the		equipment, weather constraints)												No	tos (r	ndditio	nal no	tos on	naae :	2)-			
04 Supervision	or touching assis-	88 Not attempted due to medical												140	103 (0	actur tro	andi no	tes on	page 2				
	ovides verbal cues	condition or safety concerns																					
							_																
DEFINITIONS: S Eating: The abilit		and drying self (excludes washing of back and hair). Does not include		lying: The ability on side of bed t				9, 10, o ep (cu		kip to (GG017	OM, 1		_									
	ood and/or liquid	transferring in/out of tub/shower.	theb		J Iyii ig iii	at on				with ty	vo tur	ns: Onc	е	_									
to the mouth and	swallow food	Upper body dressing: The ability to		to sitting on si								at least		Sig	ınatu	res:							
and/or liquid once		dress and undress above the waist;		y to move from ly						ike two													
placed before the Oral hygiene: The		including fasteners, if applicable. Lower body dressing: The ability		ting on the side o lat on the floor, a								ling, the leet in a											
suitable items to o		to dress and undress below the		support.	na wiiii	no				at ieas ilar spa		eet in a											
	cable): The ability	waist, including fasteners; does not	Sit to	stand: The abi						t with		ırns:		_									
	and remove dentures into include footwear.		a sta	nding position fi	om sitti	ng in a						ir/scoo	-		╝.								
and from the mou	ith, and manage and rinsing with use	Putting on/taking off footwear: The ability to put on and take off	chair the b	, wheelchair, or	on the s	ide of						ast 50											
denture soaking a of equipment.	inu rinsing with use	socks and shoes or other footwear			feet and make two turns. -to-chair transfer: The ansfer to and from a bed wheelchair/scooter, the ability to																		
	The ability to main-	that is appropriate for safe mobility;																					
tain perineal hygie	ene, adjust clothes	including fasteners, if applicable.	to a	chair (or wheeld	hair).		W	heel at	t least	150 fee		corrido											
pefore and after v		DEFINITIONS ALLE		t transfer: The			OI	simila	r spac	e.													
	nt. If managing an riping the opening	DEFINITIONS: Mobility Roll left and right: The ability to roll		off a toilet or cor t 10 feet: Once s																			
ostomy, include w out not managing		from lying on back to left and right		v to walk at leas																			
Shower/bathe se		side, and return to lying on back on		, corridor, or sim					AANAC														

QRM	SIMPLELTC**
	A BRIGGS HEALTHCARE COMPANY

admission performance is coded 07,

Decision Tree

Section GG

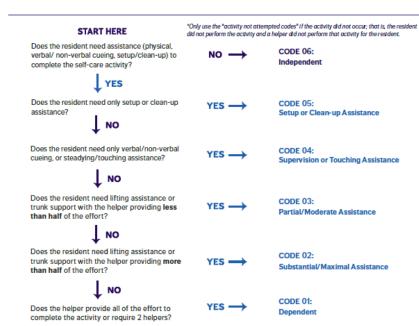
Key Coding Questions and Answers







GG Data Gathering for True Baseline and DC



DEFINITIONS

CODE 06: Independent

Resident completes the activity by him/herself with no assistance from a helper.

CODE 05: Setup or Clean-Up Assistance Helper SETS UP or CLEANS UP; resident completes activity. Helper assists

Helper SETS UP or CLEANS UP; resident completes activity. Helper assists only prior to or following the activity.

CODE 04: Supervision or Touching Assistance

Helper provides VERBAL CUES or TOUCHING/STEADYING assistance as resident completes activity. Assistance may be provided throughout the activity or intermittently.

CODE 03: Partial/Moderate Assistance

Helper does LESS THAN HALF the effort. Helper lifts, holds, or supports trunk or limbs, but provides less than half the effort

CODE 02: Substantial/Maximal Assistance

Helper does MORE THAN HALF the effort. Helper lifts or holds trunk or limbs and provides more than half the effort.

CODE 01: Dependent

Helper does ALL of the effort. Resident does none of the effort to complete the activity. Or, the assistance of 2 or more helpers is required for the resident to complete the activity.

"Activity not attempted codes:

Code 07, Resident Refused:

If the resident refused to complete the activity.

Code 09, Not applicable:

If the activity was not attempted and the resident did not perform this activity prior to the current illness, exacerbation, or injury.

Code 10, Not Attempted Due to Environmental Limitations

If the resident did not attempt this activity due to environmental limitations. Examples include lack of equipment and weather constraints.

Code 88, Not Attempted Due to Medical Condition

If the activity was not attempted due to medical condition or safety concerns.





CMS GG Training Videos





NEW Video Tutorials Available to Assist with Coding Specific Section GG

The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services is releasing three short video tutorials to assist providers with coding Section GG. These videos, ranging from 5 to 10 minutes, are designed to provide targeted guidance using simulated patient scenarios. To access the videos, click on the links below:

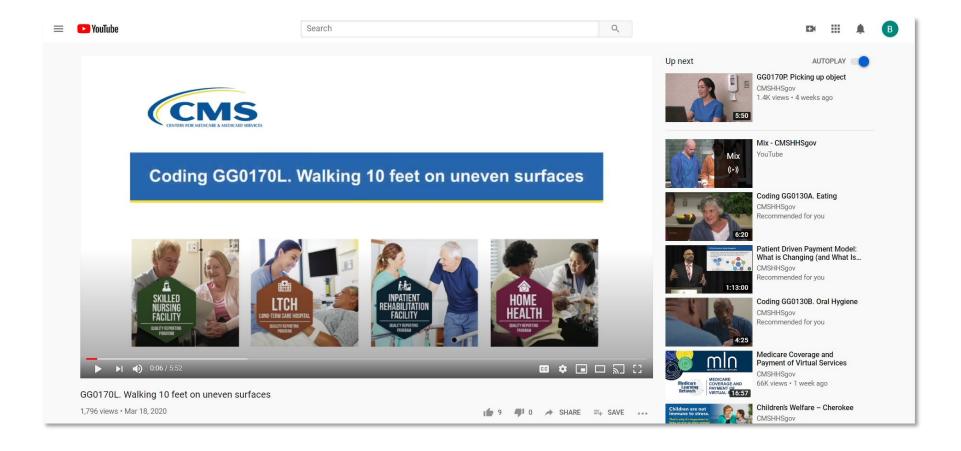
GG0130H. Putting on/taking off footwear.

GG0170L. Walking 10 feet on uneven surfaces.

GG1070P. Picking up object.



CMS GG Training Videos







Myth #1: You must wait for therapy to eval to start collecting GG data

Reality: Start collecting GG upon admission from all caregivers, across all shifts. Capture and document level of function in multiple environments at different times of the day until the benefit of intervention from therapy or other sources are noted – code "usual" performance based on what was captured prior to benefit.

Opportunity: Therapy should not be withheld. Baseline 'usual' performance is rarely seen by therapists who work hard to set up their patients for the highest possible level of function. Therapy should be part of the IDT discussion of baseline and identification of prioritized functional goals as well as DC progress.

RAI Manual: "Treatment should not be withheld in order to conduct the functional assessment."



Myth #2: All GG goals must be selected to avoid dashing

Reality: RAI Manual: "For the SNF Quality Reporting Program (QRP), a minimum of one self-care or mobility discharge goal must be coded. However, facilities may choose to complete more than one self-care or mobility discharge goal. Code the resident's discharge goal(s) using the six-point scale. Use of the "activity was not attempted" codes (07,09,10 and 88) is permissible to code discharge goal(s). Use of a dash is permissible for any remaining self-care or mobility goals that were not coded. Of note, at least one Discharge Goal must be indicated for either Self-Care or Mobility. Using the dash in this allowed instance after the coding of at least one goal does not affect the Annual Payment Update (APU) determination".

Opportunity: Determine which of the GG goals are most appropriate for each individual patient to achieve to safely transition to the next level of care. Ensure all IDT members are aware of the goals established and addressing progress towards those goals at least weekly.



Myth #3: Avoid using "not-assessed" coding options

Reality: An enhancement in Section GG vs G providing answers for why certain items cannot be assessed without using dashes. (See above quote from the RAI manual surrounding use of the "not assessed" coding).

Code 07, Resident refused

Code 09, Not applicable: if the activity was not attempted and the resident did not perform this activity previously

Code 10, Not attempted due to environmental limitations

Code 88, Not attempted due to medical condition or safety concerns

Opportunity: Utilize the not assessed options to present an accurate picture of the patient's baseline.

RAI Manual Example:

Walk 10 feet: Mrs. C has resolving sepsis and has not walked in three weeks because of her medical condition. A physical therapist determines that it is unsafe for Mrs. C to use a walker, and the resident only walks using the parallel bars. On day 3 of the Admission assessment period, Mrs. C walks 10 feet using the parallel bars while the therapist provides substantial weight-bearing support throughout the activity.

Coding: GG0170I would be coded 88, Not attempted due to medical condition or safety concerns. Rationale: When assessing a resident for GG0170 walking items, do not consider walking in parallel bars, as parallel bars are not a portable assistive device. If the resident is unable to walk without the use of parallel bars because of his or her medical condition or safety concerns, use code 88, Activity not attempted due to medical condition or safety concerns.

Myth #4: It's OK to use what therapy provides for GG coding

Reality: Therapy is not able to provide "usual" performance on GG tasks. Their input will provide what they have seen within those first 3 days but will NOT present an accurate and complete picture to determine "usual" performance during the remaining hours of the day with nursing and other care providers.

Opportunity: Utilize whatever tool works in your location to gather and assess "usual" performance from time of admission through 11:59 pm day 3 of stay. Then determine "usual" performance during an IDT review of information gathered, document the IDT decision and enter into the medical record.

RAI Manual:

"CMS anticipates that an interdisciplinary team of qualified clinicians is involved in assessing the resident during the three-day assessment period."



Myth #5: Section G and GG should "Match":

Reality: It is not possible for G and GG to "Match".

Different Assessment Windows -

- G is a 7 day look back capturing "most support provided over all shifts" RULE OF 3
- GG is an assessment of the first and last 3 days "usual" performance NO RULE OF 3 **Inverse Coding** -
- G is a scale from 0 (Independent) to 4 (Dependent) 8 (did not occur)
- GG is a scale from 6 (Independent) to 01 (Dependent) Not Assessed codes: 07,09,10, 88

Opportunity: Utilize whatever tool works in your location to gather and assess GG "usual" performance from time of admission through 11:59 pm day 3 of stay. Then determine "usual" performance during an IDT review of information gathered, document the IDT decision and enter into the medical record.



Monitoring for Progress and Optimal Success

- Monitor Progress Towards Goals during IDT gatherings
 - Rehab Goals and POC should mirror Functional Goals established by IDT in Section GG
 - Transition Readiness should include a review surrounding accomplishment of GG Goals as discussed by the IDT
- Utilize CASPER Reports
 - SNF QRP Provider Preview -
 - Previews data reported on Nursing Home Compare prior to release
 - MDS and Claims based measures impacting SNF QRP compared to national rates

CASPER Review and Correct Report -

- Resident and Facility Quality Measure (QM) information updated on a quarterly bases, refreshed weekly
- Review reports prior to quarterly data submission deadline to ensure accuracy
- CASPER QM Reports
 - Refreshed Monthly 2 reports: Facility and Resident level QMs for a single reporting period
- SNF Resident-Level Quality Measure Report -
 - Displays Residents assessments impacting SNF quality measures verify accuracy
- SNF Facility-Level Quality Measure Report
 - Facility level QM values for selected 12-month period from MDS and Medicare FFS Claims



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CEMES FOR MEDICARE & MEDICARE SERVICES

CASPER Report SNF QRP Review and Correct Report

Facility ID: CCN: Facility Name City/State:
 Requested Quarter End Date:
 Q3 2019

 Report Release Date:
 01/01/2021

 Report Run Date:
 01/01/2021

 Data Calculation Date:
 01/30/2019

 Report Version Number:
 2.0

MDS 3.0 Quality Measure: Pressure Ulcers

Table Legend

Dash (-): Data not available or not applicable

X: Triggered
NT: Not Triggered

E: Excluded from analysis based on quality measure exclusion criteria

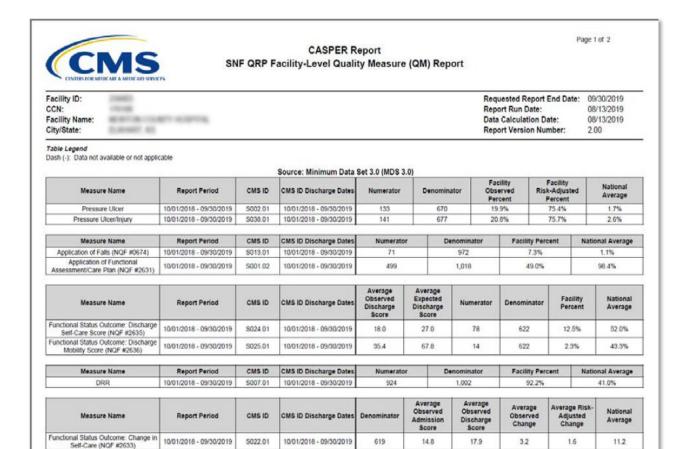
		270	-	Fa	cility-Level Data		10	
Reporting Quarter	CMSID	Start Date	End Date	Data Correction Deadline	Data Correction Period as of Report Run Date	that Triggered the	Number of SNF Stays Included in the Denominator	Facility Percent
Q3 2019	S002.1	07/01/2019	09/30/2019	02/15/2020	Closed	-	-	ā.
Q2 2019	S002.1	04/01/2019	06/30/2019	11/15/2019	Closed	40	487	8.2%
Q1 2019	S002.1	01/01/2019	03/31/2019	08/15/2019	Closed	2	6	33.3%
Q4 2018	S002.1	10/01/2018	12/31/2018	05/15/2019	Closed	129	-	ā
Cumulative	12	10/01/2018	09/30/2019	-	"-	42	493	8.5%

		Resident-Level Da	ta				
Reporting Quarter	Resident Name	dent Name Resident ID		Discharge Date	Data Correction Deadline	Data Correction Period as of Report Run Date	Status
Q3 2019	NEWSON, NAME OF	44744496	05/01/2019	07/08/2019	02/15/2020	Closed	E
Q3 2019	PURSON, SECTION	44740147	06/30/2019	07/07/2019	02/15/2020	Closed	NT
Q3 2019	NETHON THOSE I	44744483	03/30/2019	07/07/2019	02/15/2020	Closed	E
Q3 2019	Provided, Scholiebe	44744485	03/30/2019	07/07/2019	02/15/2020	Closed	X
Q3 2019	RESEARCH SECURITY	44744484	03/30/2019	07/07/2019	02/15/2020	Closed	E
Q3 2019	FCSSS, SKYSSS	44744095	03/30/2019	07/07/2019	02/15/2020	Closed	NT

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49.2

35.4

-13.8

-10.3

22.7

10/01/2018 - 09/30/2019



10/01/2018 - 09/30/2019

Mobility (NQF #2634)

Page 1 of 30

Facility ID:

City/State:

CASPER Report SNF QRP Resident-Level Quality Measure (QM) Report

Requested Report End Date: Report Run Date: 08/08/2019

08/08/2019 Data Calculation Date: 2.00 Report Version Number:

-

CONTRACT AN

MERCINE CHART HOSPITAL

QM#	Measure Name	Measure Interpretation	Report Period	CMS ID	CMS ID Discharge Dates
1	Pressure Ulcer		10/01/2018 - 09/30/2019	9002.01	10/01/2018 - 09/30/2019
2	Pressure Ulcer/Injury	Undesirable Outcomes	10/01/2018 - 09/30/2019	\$038.01	10/01/2018 - 09/30/2019
3	Application of Falls (NQF #0674)		10/01/2018 - 09/30/2019	S013.01	10/01/2018 - 09/30/2019
4	Application of Functional Assessment/Care Plan (NQF #2631)	Desirable Outcomes or Processes	10/01/2018 - 09/30/2019	\$001.02	10/01/2018 - 09/30/2019
5	Functional Status Outcome: Discharge Self-Care Score (NQF #2635)		10/01/2018 - 09/30/2019	8024.01	10/01/2018 - 09/30/2019
6	Functional Status Outcome: Discharge Mobility Score (NQF #2635)	Performed	10/01/2018 - 09/30/2019	9025.01	10/01/2018 - 09/30/2019
7	DRR		10/01/2018 - 09/30/2019	S007.01	10/01/2018 - 09/30/2019
8	Functional Status Outcome: Change in Self-Care (NQF #2633)	Character Security Security	10/01/2018 - 09/30/2019	S022.01	10/01/2018 - 09/30/2019
9	Functional Status Outcome: Change in Mobility (NQF #2634)	Change in Function Scores	10/01/2018 - 09/30/2019	8023.01	10/01/2018 - 09/30/2019

Table Legend

Dash (-): Data not available or not applicable

Triggered (Bold indicates an undesirable outcome) NT:

Not Triggered (Bold indicates a desirable outcome did not occur or process was not performed)

Excluded from analysis based on quality measure exclusion criteria

Change in Function Scores: Values are observed change in function scores from admission to discharge

Resident Name	Resident ID	Admission Date	Discharge Date	Undes	sirable Out	lcomes	Desira	ble Outcor Perfo	Change in Function Scores			
				QM 1	QM 2	QM 3	QM 4	QM 5	QM 6	QM 7	QM 8	QM 9
William States	45428987	05/01/2019	07/08/2019	E	E	E	X	E	E	E	E	E
Property Street	45429228	06/30/2019	07/07/2019	NT	NT	X	NT	NT	NT	X	-7	-41
NET SHIPLE, SHIPLEY	45428996	05/01/2019	07/07/2019	X	X	X	×	NT	NT	X	-4	9
Transaction and the second	45428995	05/01/2019	07/07/2019	X	X	X	Х	NT	NT	X	4	9
WESTERN PRODUCT	45428994	05/01/2019	07/07/2019	X	X	X	х	NT	NT	X	4	9

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Run Date: 10/15/2020 Page 1 of 1

CASPER Report FY 2022 SNF QRP Provider Threshold Report

CCN: Facility Name: Facility City: State:

Data Collection Start Date: 01/01/2020
Data Collection End Date: 12/31/2020

of MDS 3.0 Assessments Submitted: 4,132

of MDS 3.0 Assessments Submitted Complete: 2,166

% of MDS 3.0 Assessments Submitted Complete: 52%*

* FY 2022 SNF QRP Annual Payment Update (APU) Determination Table is limited to the data elements that are used for determining SNF QRP compliance and are included in the APU submission threshold. There are additional data elements used to risk adjust the quality measures used in the SNF QRP. It should be noted that failure to submit all data elements used to calculate and risk adjust a quality measure can affect the quality measure calculations that are displayed on the Compare website.

SNF Definitions:

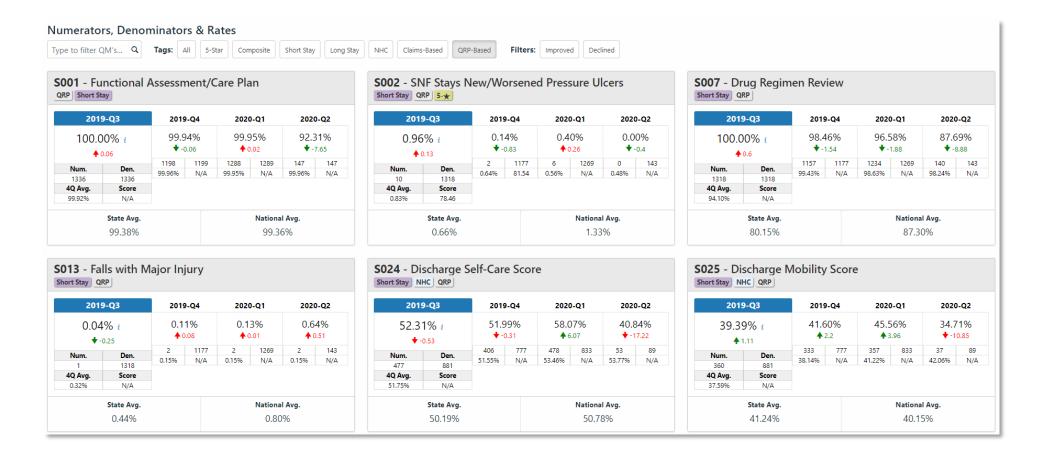
of MDS 3.0 Assessments Submitted: The total number of PPS 5-Day and PPS Discharge assessments with a target date within the quarter and submitted to CMS by the data submission deadline for the Data Collection Start Date and Data Collection End Date identified on the report. This is the denominator. The data collection timeframes and submission deadlines are posted on the Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF) Quality Reporting Program Measures and Technical Information page. See: www.cms.hhs.gov; > Medicare > Skilled Nursing Facility Quality Reporting Program [under the Quality Initiatives/Patient Assessment Instruments heading] > Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF) Quality Reporting Program Measures and Technical Information > select the SNF QRP Table for Reporting Assessment-Based Quality Measures for the FY APU pdf at the bottom of the page for the FY of the report.

of MDS 3.0 Assessments Submitted Complete: The number of PPS 5-Day and PPS Discharge assessments identified in the denominator that do not contain dashes (-) for any of the required data elements used to determine APU Compliance for the SNF QRP for the applicable fiscal year. This is the numerator.

% of MDS 3.0 Assessments Submitted Complete: Divide the numerator (# of PPS 5-Day and PPS Discharge assessments Submitted Complete) by the denominator (# of PPS 5-Day and PPS Discharge assessments Submitted) to calculate the SNF's percent of complete assessments. SNFs with a percentage under 80% are determined to be non-compliant with the SNF QRP.



QRP QMs in SimpleAnalyzer™





Measuring Self-care & Mobility



To measure performance we compare the baseline admission scores to the discharge scores.

Self-care Score (7 to 42)

Σ (GG0130A-C, GG0130E-H)

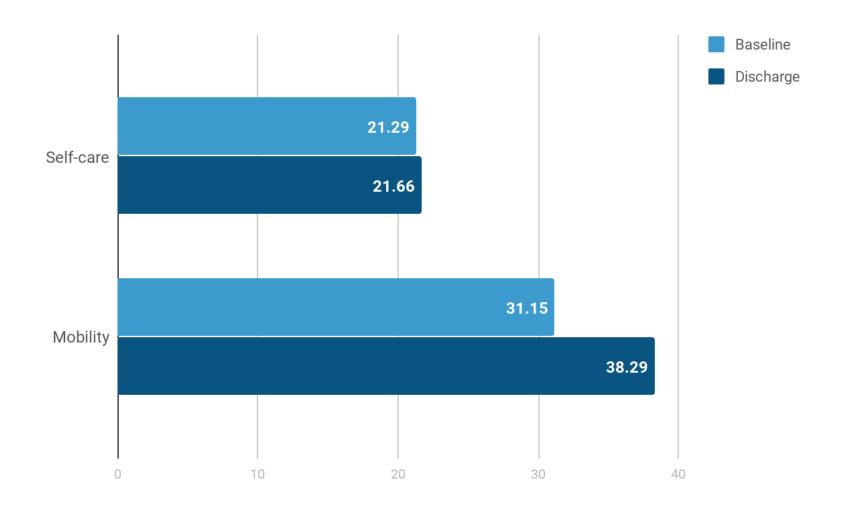
Mobility Score (15 to 90)

Σ (GG0170A-G, GG0170I-P)

Note: All dashed and unmeasured values [-, 07, 09, 10, 88] are assumed to be dependent (=01)



Completed Medicare stays (Q4 2019)

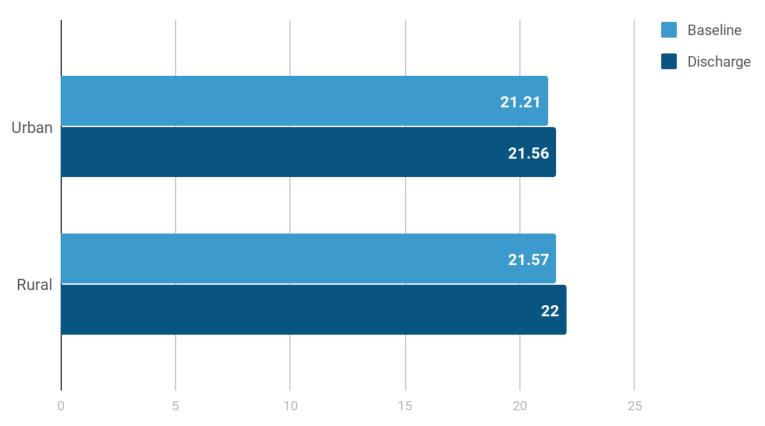


Self-care & Mobility
Medicare stays: 59,762



Urban vs. rural (Q4 2019)

Self-care



Urban

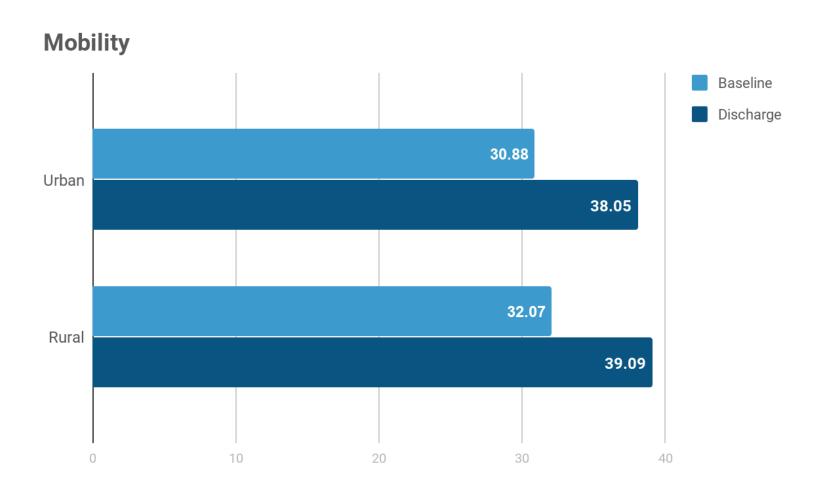
Medicare stays: 46,416 Avg LOS: 33

Rural

Medicare stays: 13,351



Urban vs. rural (Q4 2019)



Urban

Medicare stays: 46,416

Avg LOS: 33

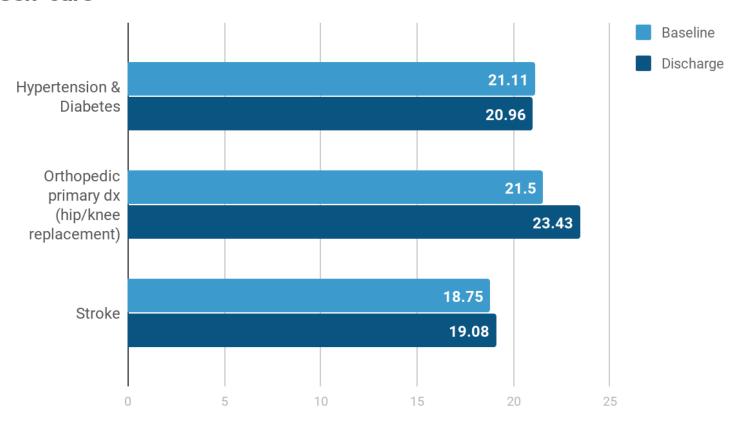
Rural

Medicare stays: 13,351



Common diagnoses (Q4 2019)

Self-care



Hypertension & Diabetes

Medicare stays: 21,298

Avg LOS: 35

Orthopedic primary dx

Avg LOS: 31

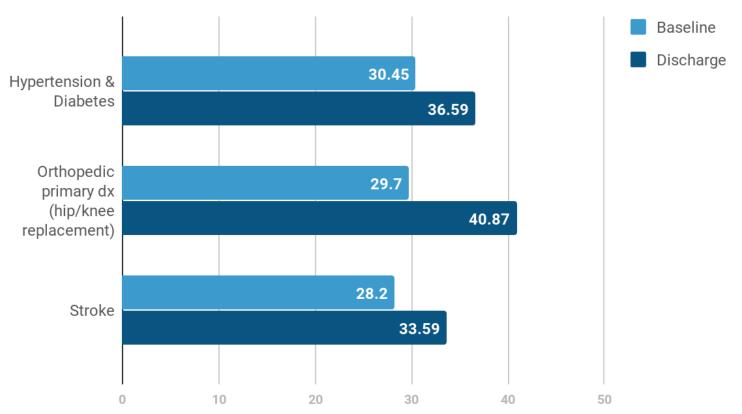
Stroke

Medicare stays: 9,935



Common diagnoses (Q4 2019)

Mobility



Hypertension & Diabetes

Medicare stays: 21,298

Avg LOS: 35

Orthopedic primary dx

Avg LOS: 31

Stroke

Medicare stays: 9,935



Quality Rehab Management (QRM)



- Comprehensive Rehab Management
 - In-House Transitions
 - Ongoing Program Management
 - Cost Containment
 - Operational Expertise
- PDPM Training
 - Analytics
 - Onsite/ Remote Support
 - Webinars
 - PDPM Tool Kit
 - Podcasts
- Clinical Programming & Education
 - Outcome Focused
 - Compliance Driven
- Medical Review
- Recruitment & Staffing
- Home Health









SimpleAnalyzer™

MDS Five-Star analytics

PDPM performance insights

Real-time QM improvement

Pre-transmission MDS scrubbing

Trusted by thousands of

providers

Sign up for a live demo

Helpful Resources



- GG Scoring Calculator (QRM)
- Color-coded MDS (Briggs)
- <u>Decision Tree tool</u> (AANAC)
- GG Data Collection tool (AANAC)
- GG training videos (CMS)



References



SNF QRP QM User's Manual: https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Quality-Initiatives-Patient-Assessment-
https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Quality-Initiatives-Patient-Assessment-
https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Quality-Initiatives-Patient-Assessment-
https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Quality-Initiatives-Patient-Assessment-
https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Quality-Reporting-Program-Measures-and-Technical-Information.html

Final Specifications for SNF QRP Quality Measures and Standardized Patient Assessment Data Elements: https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Quality-Initiatives-Patient-Assessment-Instruments/Post-Acute-Care-Quality-Initiatives/IMPACT-Act-of-2014/IMPACT-Act-Downloads-and-Videos.html

MDS 3.0 RAI Manual: https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Quality-Initiatives-Patient-Assessment-Instruments/NursingHomeQualityInits/MDS30RAIManual.html

CASPER Reporting MDS User's Guide: https://qtso.cms.gov/system/files/qtso/cspr_sec13_mds_prvdr_3.pdf







Thanks for attending!

Find all our Learning Lab handouts at

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