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PDPM: Getting to Know You

Why Understanding Your Resident is the First Step

Susan Krall, PT, RAC-CT



Getting To Know You (The King and I)



"Getting to know you Getting to know all about you Getting to like you Getting to hope you like me."

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Agenda

- PDPM A Little Background
- CMS' Drive Towards Value vs. Fee For Service
 - The push to know our patients
- Reimbursement and Regulatory Drivers by PDPM Category
 - Case scenarios
- The Analytics
 - What are we seeing and does this make sense?
- New Skills/ Competencies
 - Making certain all involved in assessing residents have renewed competencies
- Audit Focus Areas
 - We've got this!



Poll #1



10/1/19 – CMS rolls out the Medicare Part A Patient Driven Payment Model "PDPM"

Impacting Who:

Skilled Nursing Facilities' Medicare Part A

What:

- Reimbursement model complete re-write
- Skilled criteria remains unchanged (3-day hospital admission)
- Medically necessary daily skilled intervention in a SNF level of care
- No impact to eligible requirements or available days

Why:

Drive towards 'Value' vs 'Volume' (better outcomes = less cost)

 <u>Intent</u>: Focus solely on residents unique, individualized needs, characteristics and goals of each patient. We must know our patients to care for them.

Introducing the biggest change in Medicare Part A SNF reimbursement in over 20 years......

The > Patient Driven Payment Model "PDPM"

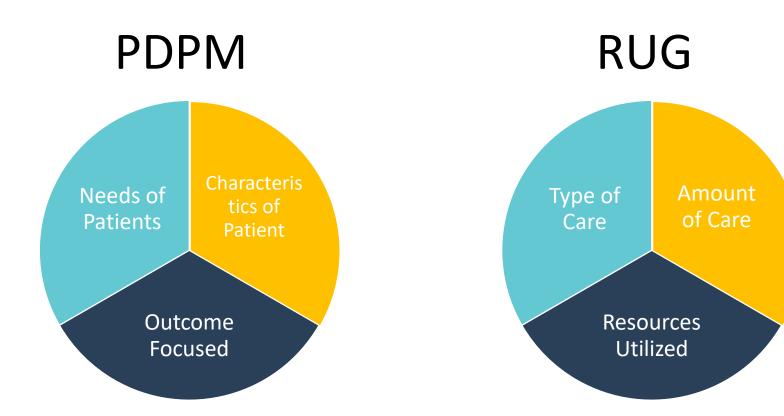
CMS' Move Towards Value





PDPM Replacing RUG's – Why?





PDPM: October 1, 2019

NEW Reimbursement drivers: (No longer days/minutes of therapy)

- Primary Reason for SNF stay (ICD 10 Diagnosis with specificity requirements)
- Surgery resulting in SNF care
- Functional scores (Self Care and Mobility)
- Clinical conditions and comorbidities
- Treatments
- Depression (PHQ-9)
- Cognition (BIMs / CPS)
- Diet modifications and Swallowing disorders
- Restorative Nursing

5 Clinical Categories scored individually assigning Case Mix Groups and reimbursement rates for each: PT/ OT/ ST/ Nursing/ NTA

Initial MDS establishes reimbursement for entire stay based on total of the 5 clinical categories as determined no later than day 8 of the stay

Intended to Strengthen Care Delivery Process and Care Team Collaboration

New Core Competencies Required - Designed to better Know our Patients and Identify potential Risk and Keys to Success

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New MDS Assessments & Schedule

Type: Admission Assessment

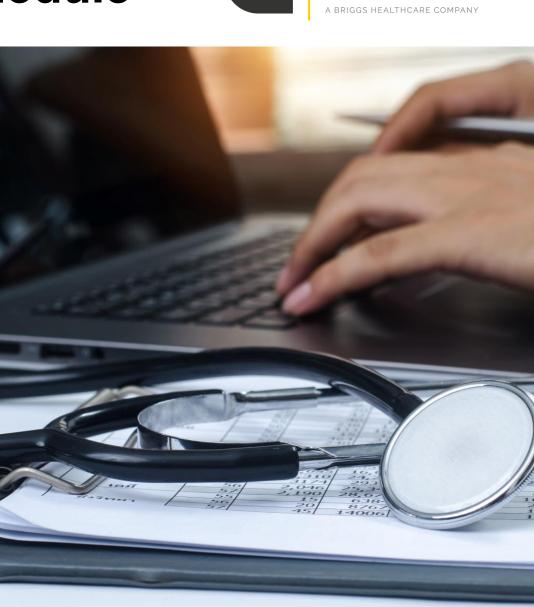
- ARD: Days 1-8
- Payment Days: All covered Part A days until Part A discharge -UNLESS an optional IPA is completed

Type: IPA – Interim Payment Assessment (Optional)

- ARD: No later than 14 days after change in classification criteria is identified
- Payment Days: ARD of IPA assessment through Part A discharge UNLESS another IPA is completed

Type: Discharge Assessment

- PPS Discharge equals end date of the Medicare Part A stay
- NO payment impact
- Note: GG functional scores upon discharge provide QRP data for change and improvement in self care and mobility.



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Interdisciplinary Communication: Collaborative Assessments and Care Delivery



Ga Pe Pa	 Initial IDT PDPM Component Review Day 1-3 Gathering of GG Performance & Patient Specific Goals Restorative Nursing Initiation Restorative Nursing Initiation Baseline care plan GG 1st 3 days "Usual Performance" & DC goals 			 IDT Review of Par Response to Intervention & progress towards capturing of activ conditions, Dx an characteristics PDPM Componer Review Leading Accurate Admissi Assessment by da (161 items on MI impact reimbursement) 					
Pre- Admission	Day 1, (Day of Admission)	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5	Day 6	Day 7	Day 8	Day 9<
	Dx captu	Dx capturing of Primary Reason for SNF stay begins preadmission – continually reassess for accuracy and supportive documentation							
		 Ongoing Dx Specificity > Clinical Category (68,000 ICD10 codes, 24,000 RTP) 							
		 Gathering of Clinical Conditions and Characteristics - including Pre-Admission Consequence of incomplete assessment = default category 							

6 Components of PDPM





Every resident is assigned a CMG for each Component (Non-Case Mix Payment is excluded).

PDPM Calculator (Per Diem Rate)

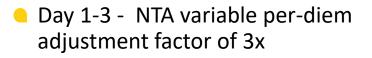


Component	Urban Base Fed Rate *	Rural Base Fed Rate *		Case Mix Index		Special Adjustors		Variable per diem		Payment (per diem)
РТ	\$60.75	\$69.25	х		х		х		=	
ОТ	\$56.55	\$63.60	х		х		х		=	
SLP	\$22.68	\$28.57	х		х		х		=	
Nursing	\$105.92	\$101.20	х		х	1.00**	х		=	
NTA	\$79.91	\$76.34	х		х		х		=	
Non-Case Mix Component	\$94.84	\$96.59	х		х		х		=	
' Non-wage index adjusted Total Payment										

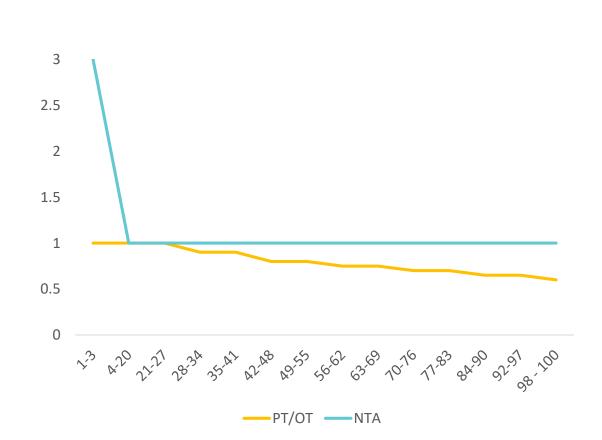
*** Rates are for FY 2020, from final rule

Variable Per-Diem Adjustment Factor and the Interrupted Stay Impact





- Day 4 NTA variable per-diem adjustment factor of 1x
- Day 21 and every 7 days after PT and OT variable per-diem adjustment rate reduction of 2%
- Interrupted Stay:
 - if > 3 days or admission from another SNF - Admission assessment required and restarts the Variable Per Diem count
 - If < 3 days no Admission Assessment – continue at prior PDPM CMGs



PDPM Model – MDS Drivers by Section



B Hearing, Speech, and Vision - SLP / Nursing
C Cognitive Patterns - SLP / Nursing
D Mood - Nursing
E Behavior - Nursing
GG Functional Abilities and Goals – PT / OT / Nursing
H Bladder and Bowel - Nursing / NTA
I Active Diagnoses - PT/OT/SLP /Nursing / NTA
J Health Conditions - PT/OT/SLP/Nursing
K Swallowing/Nutritional Status - SLP / Nursing / NTA
M Skin Conditions - Nursing / NTA
N Medications – Nursing
O Special Treatments, Procedures and Programs (all while a resident) – SLP / Nursing / NTA

PDPM ICD-10 Mapping for Primary Reason for SNF Stay / SLP & NTA Comorbidities

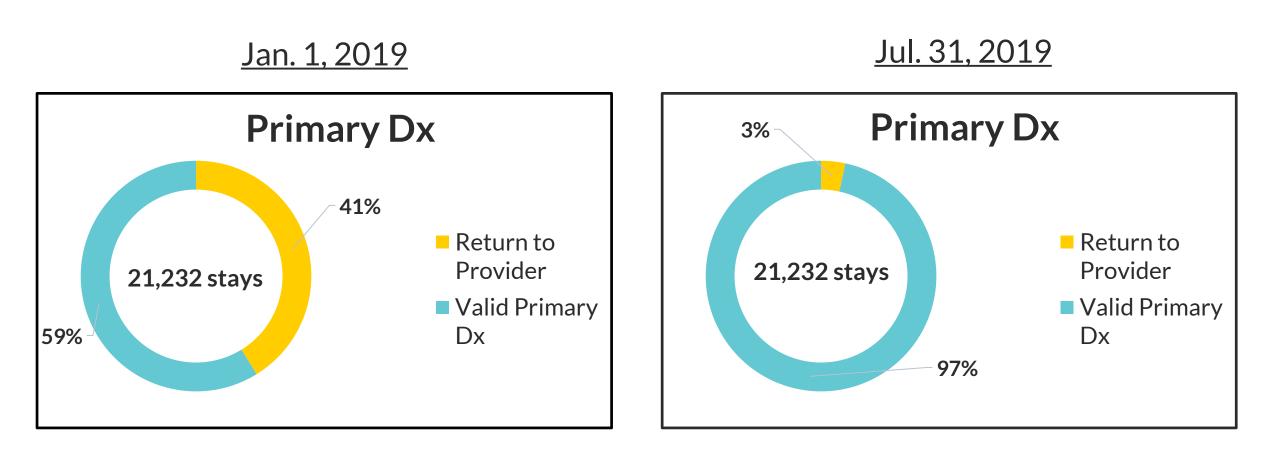


PDPM ICD-10 Mappings: https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-Fee-for-Service-Payment/SNFPPS/PDPM.html

PDPM Resources

This section includes additional resources relevant to PDPM implementation, including various coding crosswalks and classification logic.

- PDPM Classification Walkthrough updated 4-4-19
- PDPM GROUPER Logic (SAS) updated 4-4-19
- PDPM ICD-10 Mappings updated 4-4-19



Real-world data: SimpleAnalyzer™

Summarized from 21,000+ stays

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Section I0020B



Section I	Active Diagnoses
10020. Indicate the resident	's primary medical condition category
Enter Code01. Stroke02. Non-Traumatic E03. Traumatic Brain04. Non-Traumatic S05. Traumatic Spina06. Progressive Neu07. Other Neurologi08. Amputation09. Hip and Knee Re10. Fractures and Ot11. Other Orthopedi	Dysfunction Spinal Cord Dysfunction I Cord Dysfunction rological Conditions cal Conditions placement ther Multiple Trauma ic Conditions respiratory Conditions

Section J – Surgical Procedures

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100	. Recent Surgery Requiring Active SNF Care
ter Co	 Did the resident have a major surgical procedure during the prior inpatient hospital stay that requires active care during the SNF stay? 0. No 1. Yes 8. Unknown
irgio	al Procedures - Complete only if J2100 = 1
t (Check all that apply
	Major Joint Replacement
	J2300. Knee Replacement - partial or total
	J2310. Hip Replacement - partial or total
	J2320. Ankle Replacement - partial or total
	J2330. Shoulder Replacement - partial or total
-	Spinal Surgery
	J2400. Involving the spinal cord or major spinal nerves
	J2410. Involving fusion of spinal bones
5	J2420. Involving lamina, discs, or facets
-	J2499. Other major spinal surgery
	Other Orthopedic Surgery
	J2500. Repair fractures of the shoulder (including clavicle and scapula) or arm (but not hand)
	J2510. Repair fractures of the pelvis, hip, leg, knee, or ankle (not foot)
7	J2520. Repair but not replace joints
=	J2530. Repair other bones (such as hand, foot, jaw)
-	J2599. Other major orthopedic surgery
	Neurological Surgery
٦Í	J2600. Involving the brain, surrounding tissue or blood vessels (excludes skull and skin but includes cranial nerves)
=	J2610. Involving the peripheral or autonomic nervous system - open or percutaneous
5	J2620. Insertion or removal of spinal or brain neurostimulators, electrodes, catheters, or CSF drainage devices
=	J2699. Other major neurological surgery
┛┟	Cardiopulmonary Surgery
٦Ť	J2700. Involving the heart or major blood vessels - open or percutaneous procedures
5	J2710. Involving the respiratory system, including lungs, bronchi, trachea, larynx, or vocal cords - open or endoscopic
51	J2799. Other major cardiopulmonary surgery
	Genitourinary Surgery
٦İ	J2800. Involving male or female organs (such as prostate, testes, ovaries, uterus, vagina, external genitalia)
Ξ!	J2810. Involving the kidneys, ureters, adrenal glands, or bladder - open or laparoscopic (includes creation or removal of
	nephrostomies or urostomies)
	J2899. Other major genitourinary surgery

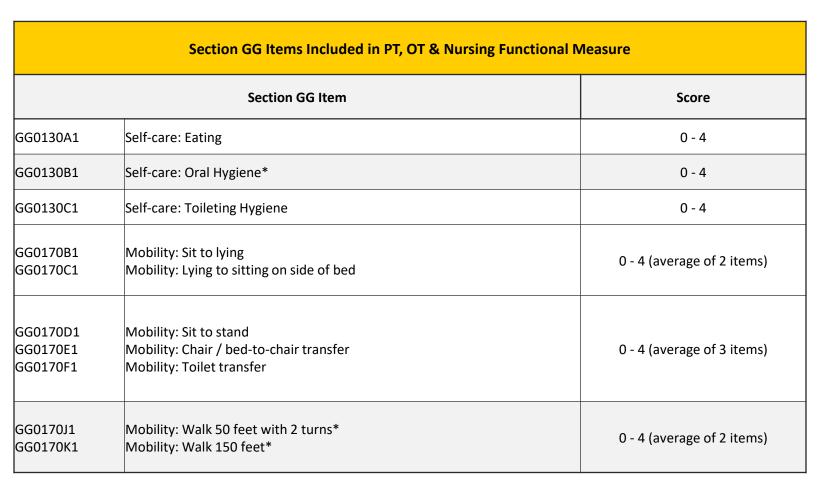
PT/OT Classification Groups & Case-Mix Weights



Collapsed Clinical Categories for PT and OT Classification				
PDPM Clinical Category	Collapsed PT and OT Clinical Category			
Major Joint Replacement or Spinal Surgery	Major Joint Replacement or Spinal Surgery			
Non-Orthopedic Surgery	Non-Orthopedic Surgery and Acute			
Acute Neurologic	Neurologic			
Non-Surgical Orthopedic/Musculoskeletal				
Orthopedic Surgery (Except Major Joint Replacement or Spinal Surgery)	Other Orthopedic			
Medical Management				
Acute Infections				
Cancer	Medical Management			
Pulmonary				
Cardiovascular and Coagulations				

Using Section GG





*Not included in Nursing Functional Score

Section GG: Functional Abilities and Goals (PT/OT & Nursing Component)



Section GG Functional Abilit

Functional Abilities and Goals - Interim Payment Assessment

GG0130. Self-Care (Assessment period is the last 3 days)

Code the resident's usual performance for each activity using the 6-point scale. If an activity was not attempted, code the reason.

Coding:

Safety and **Quality of Performance** - If helper assistance is required because resident's performance is unsafe or of poor quality, score according to amount of assistance provided.

Activities may be completed with or without assistive devices.

- 06. Independent Resident completes the activity by him/herself with no assistance from a helper.
- 05. Setup or clean-up assistance Helper sets up or cleans up; resident completes activity. Helper assists only prior to or following the activity.
- 04. Supervision or touching assistance Helper provides verbal cues and/or touching/steadying and/or contact guard assistance as resident completes activity. Assistance may be provided throughout the activity or intermittently.
- 03. Partial/moderate assistance Helper does LESS THAN HALF the effort. Helper lifts, holds, or supports trunk or limbs, but provides less than half the effort.
- 02. Substantial/maximal assistance Helper does MORE THAN HALF the effort. Helper lifts or holds trunk or limbs and provides more than half the effort.
- 01. **Dependent** Helper does ALL of the effort. Resident does none of the effort to complete the activity. Or, the assistance of 2 or more helpers is required for the resident to complete the activity.

If activity was not attempted, code reason:

- 07. Resident refused
- 09. Not applicable Not attempted and the resident did not perform this activity prior to the current illness, exacerbation, or injury.
- 10. Not attempted due to environmental limitations (e.g., lack of equipment, weather constraints)
- 88. Not attempted due to medical condition or safety concerns

Section GG: Functional Abilities and Goals - GG0130. Self-Care (PT/OT & Nursing)



5. Interim Performance	
Enter Codes in Boxes	
	A. Eating: The ability to use suitable utensils to bring food and/or liquid to the mouth and swallow food and/or liquid once the meal is placed before the resident.
	B. Oral hygiene: The ability to use suitable items to clean teeth. Dentures (if applicable): The ability to insert and remove dentures into and from the mouth, and manage denture soaking and rinsing with use of equipment.
	C. Toileting hygiene: The ability to maintain perineal hygiene, adjust clothes before and after voiding or having a bowel movement. If managing an ostomy, include wiping the opening but not managing equipment.

Section GG: Functional Abilities and Goals -GG0170. Mobility (PT/OT & Nursing)



5. Interim Performance	
Enter Codes in Boxes	
	B. Sit to lying: The ability to move from sitting on side of bed to lying flat on the bed.
	C. Lying to sitting on side of bed: The ability to move from lying on the back to sitting on the side of the bed with feet flat on the floor, and with no back support.
	D. Sit to stand: The ability to come to a standing position from sitting in a chair, wheelchair, or on the side of the bed.
	E. Chair/bed-to-chair transfer: The ability to transfer to and from a bed to a chair (or wheelchair).
	F. Toilet transfer: The ability to get on and off a toilet or commode.
	I. Walk 10 feet: Once standing, the ability to walk at least 10 feet in a room, corridor, or similar space. If interim performance is coded 07, 09, 10, or 88 → Skip to H0100, Appliances
	J. Walk 50 feet with two turns: Once standing, the ability to walk at least 50 feet and make two turns.
	K. Walk 150 feet: Once standing, the ability to walk at least 150 feet in a corridor or similar space.

PDPM Functional Scoring



PT / OT Function Score Construction						
	Response Score					
05, 06	Set-up assistance, Independent	4				
04	Supervision or touching assistance	3				
03	Partial / moderate assistance	2				
02	Substantial / maximal assistance	1				
01, 07, 09, 10, 88	Dependent, Refused, N/A, Not Attempted	0				
	* Coded based on response to GG0170H1 (does the resident walk?)					

PT/OT Classification Groups and Case-Mix Weights



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Clinical Category	Section GG Function Score	PT OT Case-Mix Group	PT Case-Mix Index	OT Case Mix Index
Major Joint Replacement or Spinal Surgery	0-5	ТА	1.53	1.49
Major Joint Replacement or Spinal Surgery	6-9	ТВ	1.70	1.63
Major Joint Replacement or Spinal Surgery	10-23	тс	1.88	1.69
Major Joint Replacement or Spinal Surgery	24	TD	1.92	1.53
Other Orthopedic	0-5	TE	1.42	1.41
Other Orthopedic	6-9	TF	1.61	1.60
Other Orthopedic	10-23	TG	1.67	1.64
Other Orthopedic	24	ТН	1.16	1.15
Medical Management	0-5	TI	1.13	1.18
Medical Management	6-9	TJ	1.42	1.45
Medical Management	10-23	тк	1.52	1.54
Medical Management	24	TL	1.09	1.11
Non-Orthopedic Surgery and Acute Neurologic	0-5	TM	1.27	1.30
Non-Orthopedic Surgery and Acute Neurologic	6-9	TN	1.48	1.50
Non-Orthopedic Surgery and Acute Neurologic	10-23	то	1.55	1.55
Non-Orthopedic Surgery and Acute Neurologic	24	ТР	1.08	1.09

PT, OT Example / Trends



Case Scenario:

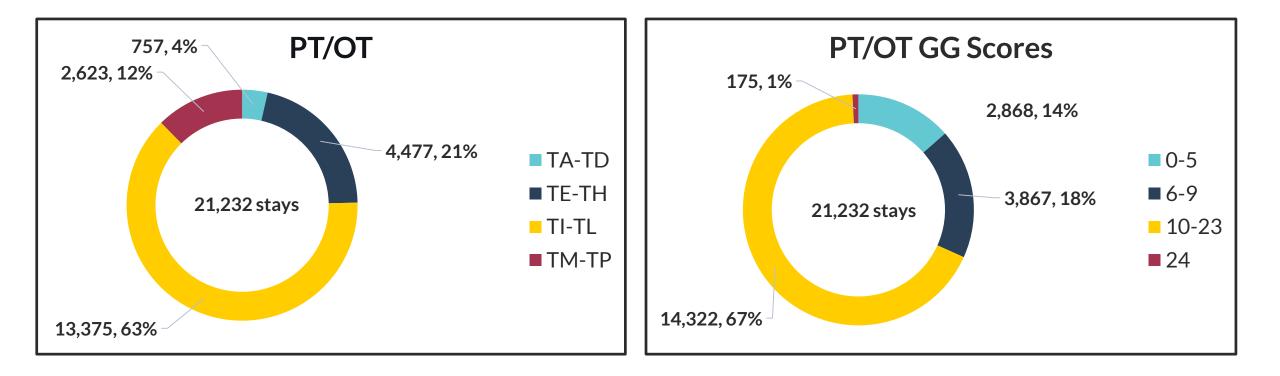
- Primary Reason for SNF Stay = Acute Neuro (hosp following CVA with Hemiplegia)
- Functional GG Score of 8
 - PT / OT CMG = TN
 - CMI PT = 1.48 x 60.75 = \$89.91 (day 1-20) x .98 (day 21-27) = \$88.11
 - CMI OT = 1.49 x 56.55 = \$84.26 (day 1-20) x .98 (day 21-27) = \$82.57
 - ~ rates are not geographically wage base adjusted

Trends: Majority of PT/OT GG Scores are falling within 10-23 (1.55 x 60.75 = \$94.16)

?...... Is this truly the baseline admission 'Usual' Performance prior to the benefit of therapeutic intervention, was the ICD10 Crosswalk utilized to find the most accurate diagnosis



Real-world data: SimpleAnalyzer™



Summarized from 21,000+ stays

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SLP Comorbidities and Cognitive Measure Methodology

SLP Related Comorbidities						
🗸 Aphasia	Laryngeal Cancer - 18000					
✓ CVA, TIA or Stroke	Apraxia – 18000					
✓ Hemiplegia or Hemiparesis	Dysphagia – 18000					
✓ Traumatic Brain Injury	ALS – 18000					
✓ Tracheostomy Care *	Oral Cancers – 18000					
✓ Vent or Respirator Care *	Speech & Lang Deficits – 18000					

* while a resident

PDPM Cognitive Measure Classification Methodology

Cognitive Level	BIMS Score	CPS Score
Cognitively Intact	13-15	0
Mildly Impaired	8-12	1-2
Moderately Impaired	0-7	3-4
Severly Impaired	0	5-6

Section C: Cognitive Patterns (SLP & Nursing)

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0200.	Repetition of Three Words
	Ask resident: "I am going to say three words for you to remember. Please repeat the words after I have said all three
inter Code	The words are: sock, blue, and bed. Now tell me the three words."
	Number of words repeated after first attempt
	0. None
	1. One 2. Two
	3. Three
	After the resident's first attempt, repeat the words using cues ("sock, something to wear; blue, a color; bed, a piece
	of furniture"). You may repeat the words up to two more times.
.0200	
.0300.	Temporal Orientation (orientation to year, month, and day)
	Ask resident: "Please tell me what year it is right now."
inter Code	A. Able to report correct year
	0. Missed by > 5 years or no answer
	1. Missed by 2-5 years 2. Missed by 1 year
	3. Correct
	Ask resident: "What month are we in right now?"
inter Code	B. Able to report correct month
nter Code	0. Missed by > 1 month or no answer
	1. Missed by 6 days to 1 month
	2. Accurate within 5 days
	Ask resident: "What day of the week is today?"
nter Code	C. Able to report correct day of the week
	0. Incorrect or no answer
	1. Correct
:0400.	Recall
	Ask resident: "Let's go back to an earlier question. What were those three words that I asked you to repeat?"
	If unable to remember a word, give cue (something to wear; a color; a piece of furniture) for that word.
inter Code	A. Able to recall "sock"
Inter Code	0. No - could not recall
	 Yes, after cueing ("something to wear")
	2. Yes, no cue required
inter Code	B. Able to recall "blue"
	0. No - could not recall
	1. Yes, after cueing ("a color")
	2. Yes, no cue required
inter Code	C. Able to recall "bed"
	0. No - could not recall
	1. Yes, after cueing ("a piece of furniture")
	2. Yes, no cue required
0500.	BIMS Summary Score
nter Score	Add scores for questions C0200-C0400 and fill in total score (00-15)
	Enter 99 if the resident was unable to complete the interview

CMS Training Videos

Section K: Swallowing Disorder (SLP)



K0100. Swallowing Disorder				
Signs and symptoms of possible swallowing disorder				
🚽 Check all that apply				
	A. Loss of liquids/solids from mouth when eating or drinking			
	B. Holding food in mouth/cheeks or residual food in mouth after meals			
	C. Coughing or choking during meals or when swallowing medications			
	D. Complaints of difficulty or pain with swallowing			
	Z. None of the above			

Mechanically Altered Diet



K0510. Nutritional Approaches		
Check all of the following nutritional approaches that were performed during the last 7 days		
 While NOT a Resident Performed while NOT a resident of this facility and within the last 7 days. Only check column 1 if resident entered (admission or reentry) IN THE LAST 7 DAYS. If resident last entered 7 or more days ago, leave column 1 blank While a Resident 	1. While NOT a Resident	2. While a Resident
Performed <i>while a resident</i> of this facility and within the <i>last 7 days</i>	🗼 Check all that apply 🗸	
A. Parenteral/IV feeding		
B. Feeding tube - nasogastric or abdominal (PEG)		
C. Mechanically altered diet - require change in texture of food or liquids (e.g., pureed food, thickened liquids)		
Z. None of the above		

SLP Classification Groups and Case-Mix Weights



Presence of acute Neurologic, SLP-Related Comorbidity, or Cognitive Impairment	Mechanically Altered Diet or Swallowing Disorder	Case-Mix Group	СМІ
None	Neither	SA	0.68
None	Either	SB	1.82
None	Both	SC	2.67
Any one	Neither	SD	1.46
Any one	Either	SE	2.34
Any one	Both	SF	2.98
Any two	Neither	SG	2.04
Any two	Either	SH	2.86
Any two	Both	SI	3.53
Any three	Neither	SJ	2.99
Any three	Either	SK	3.70
Any three	Both	SL	4.21

SLP Example/ Trends

Case Scenario:

- Primary Reason for SNF Stay Neuro
- Co-morbidities Hemiplegia ("yes" co-morbidity)
- Cognitive Impairment BIMS score of 10 ("yes" impaired")
- Mechanically altered diet no alterations
- Swallowing Disorder none captured in Section K
- SLP CMG: SJ (3 in column 1, neither in column 2)
- SLP CMI: 2.99 x 22.68 = \$67.81
- Note: SL (All 3 in column 1 and both in column 2) = \$95.48

Trends:

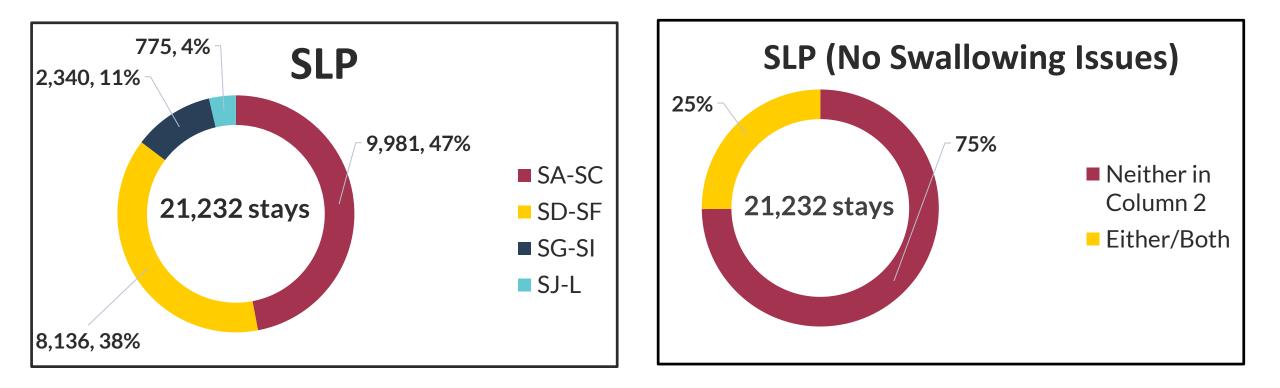
Finding many SLP are falling in SA – None in Column 1 and Neither in Column 2: (.68 x 22.68= \$15.42)

?..... New sense of urgency for assessing swallowing, cognition and co-morbidities - Section K requires observation and documentation of the swallowing issues (no diagnosis), Cognition requires the BIMs and co-morbidities come from clinical assessment and diagnosis. Competency check on BIMs is essential



Real-world data: SimpleAnalyzer™





Summarized from 21,000+ stays

Nursing CMI





Each resident is Assigned to 1 of 25 Groupings each with its own CMI based on

- Depression MDS Sections B, D
- Cognition MDS Section C
- Behavior MDS Section E
- Functional Status MDS Section GG
- Diagnosis MDS Section I
- Health Conditions MDS Section J
- Swallowing/ Nutritional Status– MDS Sections K
- Skin MDS Section M
- Medications MDS section N
- Bowel and Bladder MDS Section H
- Special Treatments, Procedures and Programs – MDS Section O

Nursing Case Mix Under PDPM



Nursin	ADL Score		
GG0130A1	Self-care: eating	0-4	
GG0130C1	Self-care: toileting hygeine	0-4	
GG0170B1 GG0170C1	Mobility: sit to lying Mobility: lying to sitting on side of bed	0-4 (average of two items)	
GG0170D1	Mobility: sit to stand		
GG0170E1	Mobility: chair bed-to-chair transfer	0-4 (average of three items)	
GG0170F1	Mobility: toilet transfer		



Tracheostomy care AND ventilator or respirator (while a resident) Extensive Services HIPPS E53 / 4.06 Tracheostomy care OR ventilator or respirator (while a resident) E53 / A E52 / 3.07 Infection Isolation (while a resident) E51 / C E51 / 2.93 Special Care High E51 / C E51 / 2.93 Functional GG Score = 0 -14 GG Score Depression PDPM / CMI Comatose and dependent /activity did not occur 0-5 Depression HDE2 / 2.40 Septicemia 0-5 No Depression HBC2 / 2.24 - daily injections 6-14 Depression HBC2 / 2.24 - daily injections 6-14 No Depression HBC1 / 1.86 - insulin order changes on 2+ days Special Care High HIPPS HDE2 / 2.40 COPD and SOB when lying flat HDE1 E HDE2 D Fever with one of the following: HBC2 F - - pneumonia HBC1 G G G - weight loss - feeding tube with intake requirement HBC1 G Parenteral/IV feedings – while not or while a resident HBC1 G G	Extensive Services			
Tracheostomy care AND ventilator or respirator (while a resident) ES3 A ES2 B ES2 / 3.07 Infection Isolation (while a resident) ES1 C Special Care High ES1 C Functional GG Score = 0 -14 GG Score Depression PDPM / CMI Comatose and dependent /activity did not occur 0-5 Depression HDE2 / 2.40 Comatose and dependent /activity did not occur 0-5 No Depression HDE2 / 2.40 Comatose and dependent /activity did not occur 0-5 No Depression HBE2 / 2.40 Special Care High 6-14 Depression HBE2 / 2.24 - daily injections 6-14 No Depression HBC1 / 1.86 - insulin order changes on 2+ days Special Care High HIPPS HDE2 / 2.40 Quadriplegia with Functional Score <=11	Functional GG Score = 0 -14			PDPM/ CMI
Tracheostomy care OR ventilator or respirator (while a resident) ES2 B ES2 / 3.07 Infection Isolation (while a resident) ES1 C ES1 / 2.93 Special Care High ES1 / 2.93 ES1 / 2.93 Functional GG Score = 0-14 GG Score Depression PDPM / CMI Comatose and dependent /activity did not occur 0-5 Depression HDE2 / 2.40 Septicemia 0-5 No Depression HDE1 / 1.99 Diabetes with both: 6-14 Depression HBC1 / 1.86 - daily injections 6-14 No Depression HBC1 / 1.86 - insulin order changes on 2+ days Special Care High HIPPS HDE2 D Quadriplegia with Functional Score <=11	Tracheostomy care AND ventilator or respirator (while a reside		ES3 / 4.06	
Infection Isolation (while a resident) EST / 2.93 Special Care High Functional GG Score = 0 -14 GG Score Depression PDPM / CMI Comatose and dependent /activity did not occur 0-5 Depression HDE2 / 2.40 Comatose and dependent /activity did not occur 0-5 No Depression HDE2 / 2.40 Septicemia 0-5 No Depression HDE1 / 1.99 Diabetes with both: 6-14 Depression HBC2 / 2.24 - daily injections 6-14 No Depression HBC1 / 1.86 - insulin order changes on 2+ days Special Care High HIPPS HDE2 D Quadriplegia with Functional Score <=11	Tracheostomy care OR ventilator or respirator (while a residen	t)		ES2 / 3.07
Functional GG Score = 0 -14GG ScoreDepressionPDPM / CMIComatose and dependent /activity did not occur0-5DepressionHDE2 / 2.40Septicemia0-5No DepressionHDE1 / 1.99Diabetes with both:6-14DepressionHBC2 / 2.24- daily injections6-14DepressionHBC1 / 1.86- insulin order changes on 2+ days6-14No DepressionHBC1 / 1.86Quadriplegia with Functional Score <=11	Infection Isolation (while a resident)		ES1 C	ES1 / 2.93
Comatose and dependent /activity did not occur0-5DepressionHDE2 / 2.40Septicemia0-5No DepressionHDE1 / 1.99Diabetes with both:6-14DepressionHBC2 / 2.24- daily injections6-14DepressionHBC1 / 1.86- insulin order changes on 2+ days6-14No DepressionHBC1 / 1.86Quadriplegia with Functional Score <=11	Special Care High			
Septicemia 0-5 No Depression HDE1 / 1.99 Diabetes with both: 6-14 Depression HBC2 / 2.24 - daily injections 6-14 No Depression HBC1 / 1.86 - insulin order changes on 2+ days 6-14 No Depression HBC1 / 1.86 Quadriplegia with Functional Score <=11	Functional GG Score = 0 -14	GG Score	Depression	PDPM / CMI
Diabetes with both: 6-14 Depression HBC2 / 2.24 - daily injections 6-14 No Depression HBC1 / 1.86 - insulin order changes on 2+ days Special Care High HIPPS HBC1 / 1.86 Quadriplegia with Functional Score <=11	Comatose and dependent /activity did not occur	0-5	Depression	HDE2 / 2.40
- daily injections 6-14 No Depression HBC1 / 1.86 - insulin order changes on 2+ days Special Care High HIPPS Quadriplegia with Functional Score <=11	Septicemia	0-5	No Depression	HDE1 / 1.99
 insulin order changes on 2+ days Quadriplegia with Functional Score <=11 COPD and SOB when lying flat Fever with one of the following: pneumonia vomiting weight loss feeding tube with intake requirement Parenteral/IV feedings – while not or while a resident Respiratory therapy = 7 days	Diabetes with both:	6-14	Depression	HBC2 / 2.24
Quadriplegia with Functional Score <=11	- daily injections	6-14	No Depression	HBC1 / 1.86
	Quadriplegia with Functional Score <=11 COPD and SOB when lying flat Fever with one of the following: - pneumonia - vomiting - weight loss - feeding tube with intake requirement Parenteral/IV feedings – while not or while a resident	HDE2 D HDE1 E HBC2 F	n HIPPS	
	Depression criteria is met if the Total Severity Score = or > 10 k	Lut not 99		



Special Care Low				
Functional GG Score = 0 -14	GG Score	Depression	PDPM / CMI	
Cerebral Palsy	0-5	Depression	LDE2 / 2.08	
Multiple Sclerosis	0-5	No Depression	LDE1 / 1.73	
Parkinson's Disease and Functional Score <=11	6-14	Depression	LBC2 / 1.72	
Respiratory failure and oxygen therapy while a resident	6-14	No Depression	LBC1 / 1.43	
Feeding tube >=51% of calories or 6-50% calories + fluid >=501cc during entire last 7 days (avg across 7 days)	· ·	are Low HIPPS		
2+ Stage 2 pressure ulcers with 2+ skin treatments	LDE2 H LDE1 I			
Stage 3 or 4 pressure ulcer, or unstageable with slough or eschar with 2+ skin treatments	LBC2 J LBC1 K			
2+ venous/arterial ulcers with 2+ skin treatments				
Stage 2 pressure ulcer (1) and venous/arterial ulcer (1) with 2+ skin treatments				
Foot infection, diabetic foot ulcer, or other open lesion of foot with dressings				
Radiation therapy while a resident				
Dialysis while a resident				
Depression criteria is met if the Total Severity Score = or > 10 but not 99				



Clinically Complex					
Functional GG Score = 0 -16	Ģ	GG Score	Depression	PDPM / CMI	
Residents with Extensive Services, Special Care					
High, or Special Care Low with Functional Score =		0-5	Depression	CDE2 / 1.87	
15 OR 16					
Pneumonia		0-5	No Depression	CDE1 / 1.62	
Hemiplegia/hemiparesis and Functional Score <=11		6-14	Depression	CBC2 / 1.55	
Surgical wounds or open lesion with treatments		15-16	Depression	CA2 / 1.09	
Burns		6-14	No Depression	CBC1 / 1.34	
Chemotherapy while a resident		15-16	No Depression	CA1 / .94	
Oxygen therapy while a resident	1 ·	l Care High H	IPPS		
IV medications while a resident	CDE2 CDE1	-	O P		
Transfusions while a resident	CBC2	N CA1	Q		
Depression criteria is met if the Total Severity Score	e = or >	> 10 but not 9	9		
Behavioral Symptoms & Cognitive Performance					
Functional GG Score= 11-16		GG Score	Restorative	PDPM/ CMI	
Cognitive impairment (BIMS score =/ < 9 or		11-16	>2 restorative nursing	BAB2 / 1.04	
CPS =/ >3)				DAD2 / 1.04	
Hallucinations		11-16	0-1 restorative nursing	BAB1 / .99	
Delusions	Behav	ioral and Cog	HIPPS		
Physical behavior symptoms toward others	BAB2				
Verbal behavior symptoms toward others	BAB1	S			
Other behavioral symptoms not directed toward					
others					
Rejection of care					
Wandering					
Restorative Nursing Services Administered for 6 or					
Restorative runsing services Administered for 0 or					
more days for at least 15 minutes					



Reduced Physical Function						
Functional GG Score	e = 0-16	GG Score	Restorative	PDPM / CMI		
Restorative Count	**Count as 1 service if both provided	0-5	>2 restorative nursing	PDE2 / 1.57		
H0200C, H0500**	Urinary toileting program and/or bowel toileting program	0-5	0-1 restorative nursing	PDE1 / 1.47		
O0500A, B**	Passive and/or active range of motion	6-14	>2 restorative nursing	PBC2 1.22		
O0500C	Splint or brace assistance	1516	>2 restorative nursing	PA2 / .71		
O0500D, F**	Bed mobility and/or walking training	6-14	0-1 restorative nursing	PBC1 / 1.13		
O0500E	Transfer training	15-16	0-1 restorative nursing	PA1/.66		
O0500G	Dressing and/or grooming training					
00500Н	O0500H Eating and/or swallowing training		Reduced Physical Function HIPPS PDE2 T			
005001	Amputation/prostheses care	PDE1 U				
O0500J	Communication training	PBC2 V PA2 W				
Provided	Provided at least 15 minutes each on 6 out of last 7 days					

Nursing Example / Trends





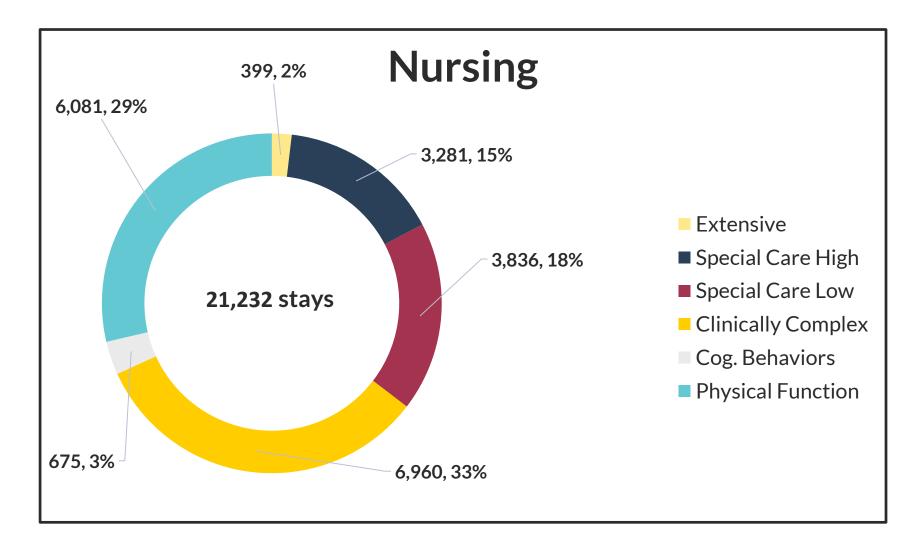
Case Scenario:

- Functional GG Score of 6
- Hemiplegia
- PHQ9: 9 (not depressed)
- CMG: CBC1
- CMI: 1.34 x \$105.92 = \$141.93
- Note:
 - CBC2 with depression score of 10: 1.55 x \$105.92 = \$164.18
 - CDE2 functional score of 5 with depression: 1.87 x \$105.92 = \$198.07

Trends: Functional GG scoring opportunity for improved IDT collaboration and collection of 'Usual' performance prior to the benefit from therapy *and* we are seeing virtually 0 depression

?.....perhaps a need for a revamp of GG collection and collaboration on scoring, plus all who are scoring PHQ9's are benefiting from reviewing the RAI instructions and viewing available VIVE video's on interviewing skills – competencies are key

Real-world data: SimpleAnalyzer™

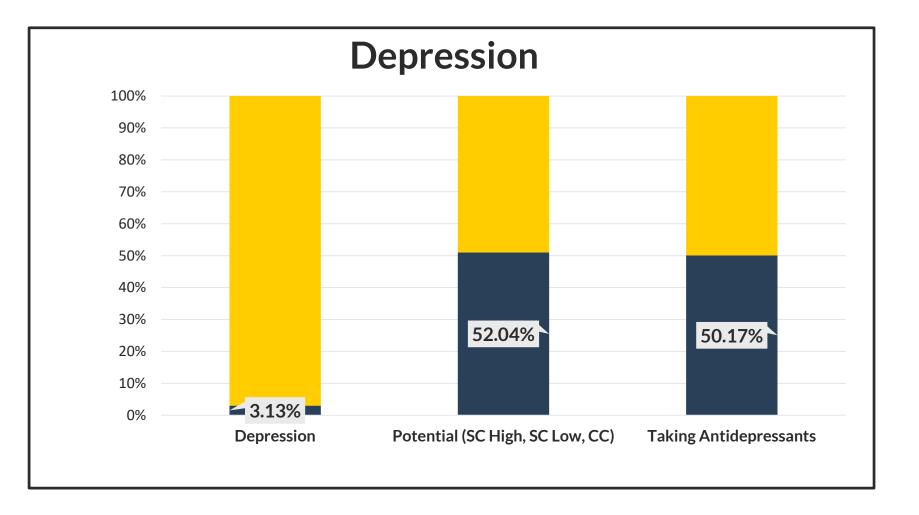




Summarized from 21,000+ stays

Real-world data: SimpleAnalyzer™

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Summarized from 21,000+ stays

Non-Therapy Ancillary Services (NTA)



Each resident is Assigned to 1 of 6 Groupings NA – NF, each with its own CMI based on:

- Bladder and Bowel -MDS H
- Active Clinical Conditions MDS Section I
- Swallowing/ Nutritional Status MDS Section K
- Skin Conditions MDS Section M
- Special Treatments, Procedures & Programs MDS Section O



NTA CMI



Conditions and Extensive Services Used for NTA Component NTA Score Range 12+ Points = NA CMG = 3.24 CMI 9-11 = NB = 2.53 6-8 = NC = 1.84 3-5 = ND = 1.33 1-2 = NE = .960 = NF = .72

NTA (1 of 2)





Condition/Extensive Service	Source	Points
HIV/AIDS	SNF Claim	8
Parenteral IV Feeding: Level High	MDS Item K0510A2, K0710A2	7
Special Treatments/Programs: Intravenous Medication Post-admit Code	MDS Item O0100H2	5
Special Treatments/Programs: Ventilator or Respirator Post-admit Code	MDS Item O0100F2	4
	MDS Item K0510A2, K0710A2,	
Parenteral IV feeding: Level Low	K0710B2	3
Lung Transplant Status	MDS Item I8000	3
Special Treatments/Programs: Transfusion Post-admit Code	MDS Item 00100I2	2
Major Organ Transplant Status, Except Lung	MDS Item I8000	2
Active Diagnoses: Multiple Sclerosis Code	MDS Item I5200	2
Opportunistic Infections	MDS Item I8000	2
Active Diagnoses: Asthma COPD Chronic Lung Disease Code	MDS Item I6200	2
Bone/Joint/Muscle Infections/Necrosis - Except Aseptic Necrosis of Bone	MDS Item I8000	2
Chronic Myeloid Leukemia	MDS Item I8000	2
Wound Infection Code	MDS Item I2500	2
Active Diagnoses: Diabetes Mellitus (DM) Code	MDS Item I2900	2
Endocarditis	MDS Item I8000	1
Immune Disorders	MDS Item I8000	1
End-Stage Liver Disease	MDS Item I8000	1
Other Foot Skin Problems: Diabetic Foot Ulcer Code	MDS Item M1040B	1
Narcolepsy and Cataplexy	MDS Item I8000	1
Cystic Fibrosis	MDS Item I8000	1
Special Treatments/Programs: Tracheostomy Care Post-admit Code	MDS Item O0100E2	1
Active Diagnoses: Multi-Drug Resistant Organism (MDRO) Code	MDS Item I1700	1
Special Treatments/Programs: Isolation Post-admit Code	MDS Item 00100M2	1
Specified Hereditary Metabolic/Immune Disorders	MDS Item 18000	1
Morbid Obesity	MDS Item 18000	1
Special Treatments/Programs: Radiation Post-admit Code	MDS Item O0100B2	1

NTA (2 of 2)



Condition/Extensive Service	Source	Points
Highest Stage of Unhealed Pressure Ulcer - Stage 4	MDS Item M0300D1	1
Psoriatic Arthropathy and Systemic Sclerosis	MDS Item I8000	1
Chronic Pancreatitis	MDS Item I8000	1
Proliferative Diabetic Retinopathy and Vitreous Hemorrhage	MDS Item I8000	1
Other Foot Skin Problems: Foot Infection Code, Other Open Lesion on Foot Code, Except		_
Diabetic Foot Ulcer Code	MDS Item M1040A, M1040B, M1040C	1
Complications of Specified Implanted Device or Graft	MDS Item I8000	1
Bladder and Bowel Appliances: Intermittent Catheterization	MDS Item H0100D	1
Inflammatory Bowel Disease	MDS Item I1300	1
Aseptic Necrosis of Bone	MDS Item I8000	1
Special Treatments/Programs: Suctioning Post-admit Code	MDS Item 00100D2	1
Cardio-Respiratory Failure and Shock	MDS Item I8000	1
Myelodysplastic Syndromes and Myelofibrosis	MDS Item I8000	1
Systemic Lupus Erythematosus, Other Connective Tissue Disorders, and Inflammatory		
Spondylopathies	MDS Item I8000	1
Diabetic Retinopathy - Except Proliferative Diabetic Retinopathy and Vitreous Hemorrhage	MDS Item I8000	1
Nutritional Approaches While a Resident: Feeding Tube	MDS Item K0510B2	1
Severe Skin Burn or Condition	MDS Item I8000	1
Intractable Epilepsy	MDS Item I8000	1
Active Diagnoses: Malnutrition Code	MDS Item I5600	1
Disorders of Immunity - Except : RxCC97: Immune Disorders	MDS Item I8000	1
Cirrhosis of Liver	MDS Item I8000	1
Bladder and Bowel Appliances: Ostomy	MDS Item H0100C	1
Respiratory Arrest	MDS Item I8000	1
Pulmonary Fibrosis and Other Chronic Lung Disorders	MDS Item I8000	1

NTA Example/ Trends

Case Scenario:

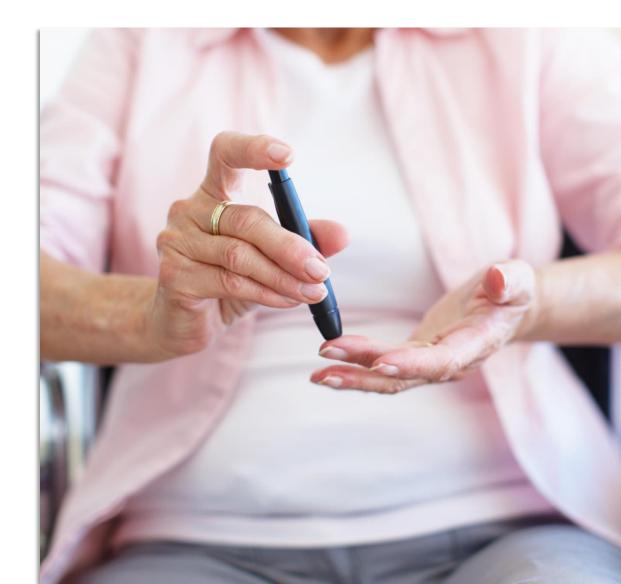
- NTA conditions captured:
 - Diabetes 2 points
- CMG: NE
- CMI: .96 x \$79.91 = \$76.71 (Day 1-3: .96 x \$79.91 x 3 = \$230.14)
- Note: 3 points, ND = 1.33 x \$79.91 = \$106.28 baseline x 3 = \$318.84 each day 1-3

Trends: Majority are falling into NF (0 points) and NE (1-2 points)

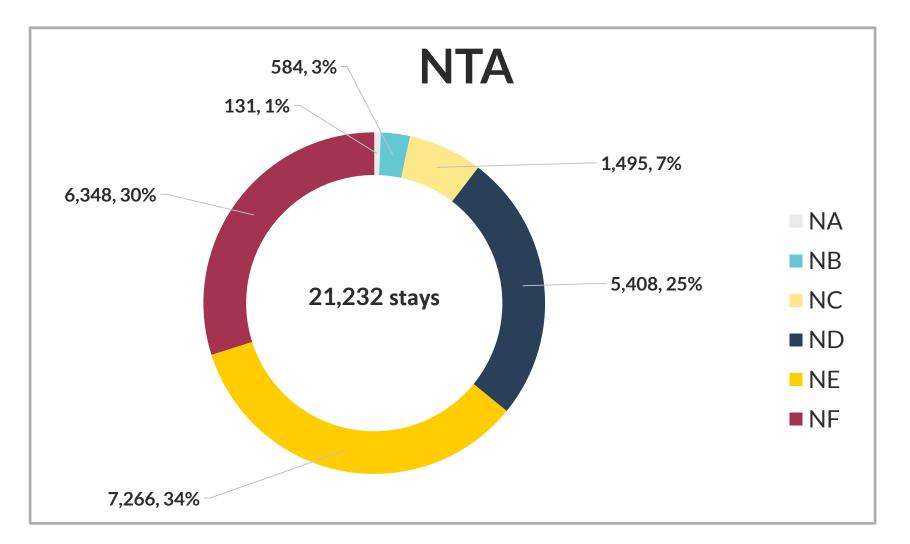
?..... Once discussions start, this is the largest area of opportunity, but education and re-training must occur and all clinical eyes must be on the patient, their history, meds, specialist appointments, etc. to capture the full spectrum of conditions our patients are presenting with.

<u>Knowing our patients = better care delivery and outcomes!</u>





Real-world data: SimpleAnalyzer™



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Summarized from 21,000+ stays

New HIPPS Coding for Billing



New HIPPS coding for Billing

In order to accommodate the new payment groups, the PDPM HIPPS algorithm is revised as follows:

- Character 1: PT/OT Payment Group
- Character 2: SLP Payment Group
- Character 3: Nursing Payment Group ———
- Character 4: NTA Payment Group
- Character 5: Assessment Indicator
 - 5 day = 1
 - IPA = 0
- Example TF, SD, LBC1, NB, 5 day
 - = FDKB1

Default : ZZZZZ (the lowest CMG of each component)

F	Nursing Payment Group	HIPPS Character	Nursing Payment Group	HIPPS Character
	ES3	А	CBC2	N
	ES2	В	CA2	0
	ES1	С	CBC1	P
	HDE2	D	CA1	Q
	HDE1	E	BAB2	R
	HBC2	F	BAB1	S
	HBC1	G	PDE2	Т
	LDE2	н	PDE1	U
	LDE1	I	PBC2	V
	LBC2	J	PA2	W
	LBC1	к	PBC1	Х
	CDE2	L	PA1	Y
	CDE1	M		

CMS Major Components of PDPM Monitoring



- "Any significant shifts in care provision between RUG-IV and PDPM could draw significant scrutiny from CMS review entities"
- Quality "outcomes" measured through:
 - SNF Quality Reporting Program
 - SNF Value Based Purchasing (re-hospitalization)
 - Nursing Home Compare Star Ratings
- QRP Assessment Based Measures; 10/1/18 data collection start date
 - Skin Integrity
 - Change in mobility and self care score
 - Discharge mobility and self care score
- QRP Claims Based Measures
 - DC to Community
 - Potentially Preventable 30- day Post DC Readmission Measure
- 5 Star Short Stay Measures
 - % of short stay residents self reporting mod to severe pain
 - % of short stay residents who have had an outpatient emergency dept visit

Additional PDPM Focus Audit Areas



Documentation to support the Primary Reason for the SNF Stay

Functional Scoring Significant Shifts

Changes in capturing Depression, Cognitive Impairment, Swallowing Disorders, Diet Modifications, and Co-morbidities

Rehab Utilization during the 5-Day assessment window

Group and Concurrent delivery shifts as captured on the DC assessment

Note: Follow CMS' SNF Quality Reporting Program Training @ CMS.gov

Quality Rehab Management

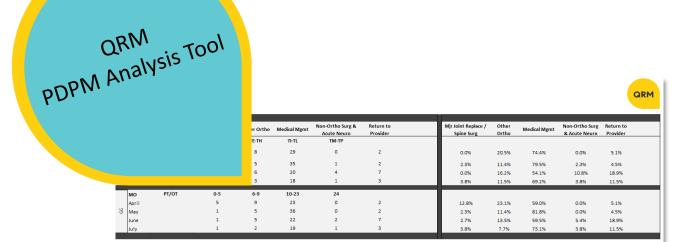


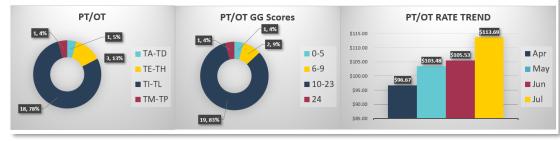


QRM

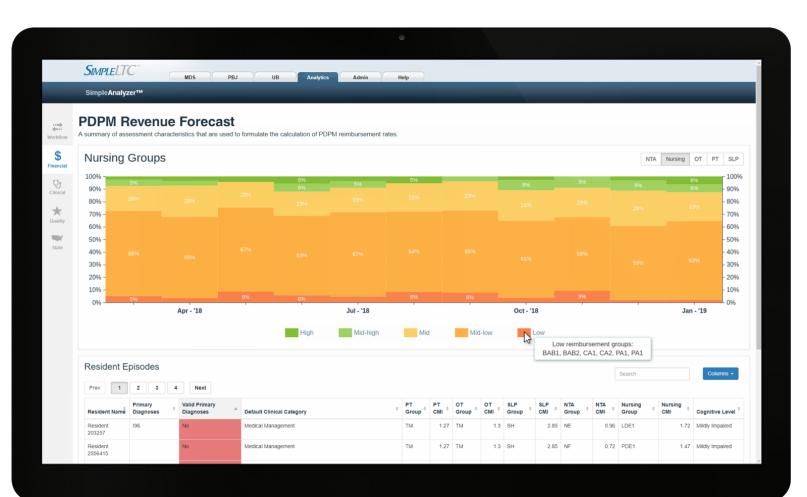
• Comprehensive Rehab Management

- In-House Transitions
- Ongoing Program Ownership
- Cost Containment
- **Operational Expertise**
- PDPM Training
 - Analytics
 - **Onsite Support**
 - Webinars
 - PDPM Tool Kit
 - Podcasts
- Clinical Programming & Education
 - Outcome Focused
 - Compliance Driven
- Medical Review
- **Recruitment & Staffing**





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SimpleAnalyzer™

- Forecast PDPM revenue
- Scrub pre-transmission MDS data
- Forecast negative trends
- Improve QMs and Five-Star
- Reduce rehospitalization

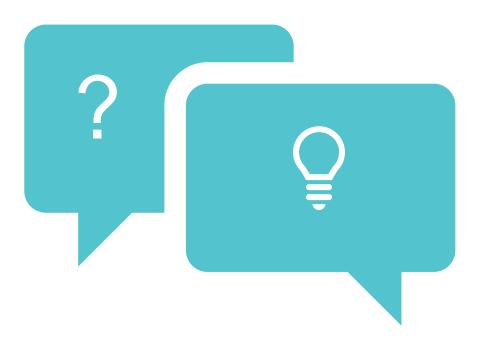


Poll #2

Questions / Discussion



- New Competencies Needed?
- Shifting of responsibilities?
- Back up plans in place?
- Pre-admission Checklist?
- Daily IDT communication re-vamp?
- Physician Education?
- Audit Tool Development?
- Triple Check Readiness?
- Transition Game Plan in Place?



References



MDS Manual

Comprehensive

IPA – Interim Payment Assessment (Optional)

RAI Manual

https://www.cms.gov/medicare/quality-initiatives-patient-assessmentinstruments/nursinghomequalityinits/mds30raimanual.html

CMS PDPM Updates

https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-Fee-for-Service-Payment/SNFPPS/PDPM.html

Susan Krall, QRM CSO skrall@qrmhealth.com 972.955.1390

Thank you for attending!



Recording and slides available at simpleltc.com/pdpm-getting-to-know-you